Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

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Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

PRESIDENT ARTHUR'S seventeen year old boy is six feet three inches tall, making him a "biger man" than his father.

THE mother of Stephen A. Douglas taught school in her early years and was noted for her bright intellect and winning manners.

SOME Virginia politicians are talking about having another extra session of their legislature. Better let the dead rest in peace.

THEY are now circulating a story to the effect that Benjamin F. Butler has taken a vow not to act as counsel for a prisoner under criminal indictment.

CROP reports from several points in the West present a good showing. The outlook for a heavy crop of wheat is said to be as favorable as has ever been known.

THE *Watchman* has become the champion of æstheticism. This is good news. A study of the beautiful art will be of benefit to all, but a perfect bonanza of blessings to that journal.

AT the meeting of the regular and independent republican committees, or "peace conference, so called," a platform was agreed upon and perfect harmony established. This clears the way for a rousing republican victory next fall.

THE election prosecutions in South Carolina do not appear to pan out very powerfully. It is perhaps much to be desired that the United States government should not, even by implication, seem to be a persecutor, yet the virtual abandonment of some of the cases after putting the defendants to considerable expense and not a little obloquy has very much that aspect.

NOTWITHSTANDING that the British steamers seem to play so large a part in the commerce of the Mediterranean, it appears that the Greeks and Italians build great numbers of wooden sailing vessels, which they navigate very cheaply, and by thus underworking all competition, they manage to defy the encroachments of the steam tonnage, and to monopolize a large portion of the carrying trade of that sea.

IN Cleveland, Ohio, where the law closing the bar rooms, concert halls and other public places on Sunday has been enforced, the parties affected have instituted proceedings under an old law that forbids Sunday street car running, publishing papers and doing certain other kinds of secular work that people have become habituated to. If the controversy leads to a thorough investigation of the law and informs the people respecting their rights and privileges, it will not lose its good effect, and may so adjust matters in those populous sections as to benefit other places where society is composed of a similar mixture.

FROM present indications the tenth of May Republican state convention will be a harmonious one, much to the disappointment and chagrin of malcontents within the ranks as well as without, who expected a bitter war of words and a stubborn fight over candidates. General Beaver's enemies expected to discount his strength by coupling his name with other interests; but the more they said the stronger was developed his real worth as a citizen, soldier and true, unflinching Republican. He has a record of his own that will stand him in the gubernatorial contest, a record that no amount of falsifying will make dishonorable with the intelligent, discerning and considerate voters.—*Williamsport G. & B.*

National Aid to Education.

An unusually large number of bills have been introduced during the present session of Congress proposing National aid to education. Most of them were offered early in the session, being the fruit of their author's reflections on the subject during the recess, and were offered in each House to the Commitee on Education and Labor. There they have rested, with no report, pro or con, from either committee. It is now so late in the season, and there is so much business mapped out ahead, that a bill now reported from a committee is almost hopelessly lost when placed at the foot of the overgrown calendar. There is little prospect, therefore, that any measure granting National aid to education will pass the present session, unless it comes up in such a modest and moderate shape as to invite neither opposition nor discussion.

A bill passed the Senate of the last Congress appropriating the proceeds from the sales of public lands and patent fees of education in the several States under the basis of illiteracy, but never got any further. Senator Logan is the father and sole but earnest advocate of a measure dividing the internal revenue receipts from the manufacture and sale of distilled spirits among the States for educational purposes according to population. Senator Blair makes a specialty of educational matter, and is the author of several bills on the subject. One of these appropriates $15,000,000 for ten years, decreasing $1,000,000 each year, to secure the benefits of common school education to all the living children in the United States The distribution among the States is to be made on the basis of illiteracy. Mr. Gunther, of Wisconsin, is the father of a bill establishing a fund from the sales of public lands and other sources the income of which is to be devoted to general educational purposes. Mr. Skinner, of New York, has prepared a measure of many details involving an outlay of $10,000,000 the first year and $1,000,000 less each year for ten years for the advancement of National education through public schools and National colleges.

Most of the measures proposed are crude and experimental. Those which would grant only the annual income from a fixed fund are too parsimonious to do any good. That of Senator Logan is, on the other hand, unduly lavish of the public money. Educators north and south are extremely interested in the proposed grant. The hearing before the Committees on Education and Labor of both Houses of Congress given last month to the Committee of the National Association appointed to urge National aid to public school education developed how strong and general this feeling is. Southerners desire the benefits which such aid would bring to their section, as it is there that the mass of illiteracy presents itself in such startling magnitude. The people of the North have a scarcely less interest in relieving the country of the constant danger which large numbers of ignorant voters present. The Southern representatives who spoke at that hearing pleaded the inability of the people of their section to to accomplish, unaided, the work of educating their children, owing to their extreme poverty. We have yet to hear of any decided Northern opposition to grant aid to the South for this purpose. Yet the inertness of Congress is such that there is imminent danger that no one of the bills offered will become a law, but will die from inattention and indifference.—*Phil'a Press.*

COLONEL INGERSOLL hadn't time to remain in Washington on Thursday to defend his clients. He had a prior engagement in Philadelphia to attack the Christian religion. One of these days Ingersoll will run against an indictment he will vainly pray the High Court of the Universe to quash.

The Sage of Concord.

By the death of Ralph Waldo Emerson the man who had the foremost reputation as a philosophical reasoner and thinker in America passed away. His speech was of the most simple, direct and forcible character, and both as lecturer and as conversationalist he had a rare art. In his writing he sometimes compressed his ideas to an extent that made them somewhat difficult of comprehension; but in most of his essays he showed such a combination of poetic fervor with every day practicality as to make him a favorite with any reader who desired to and knew how to think for him or herself. His fame will principally rest upon 'English Traits and 'Representative Men.'

The subjects chosen for the latter are types of general classes, each the highest of its kind, and the characters portrayed are: Plato, the Philosopher; Swedenborg, the Mystic; Montaigne the Sceptic; Shakespeare, the Poet; Napoleon, the Man of the World, and Goethe, the Writer. Mr. Emerson's writings are apt to appear dogmatic, in that he often gives opinions and conclusions with no explanatory facts or process of reasoning to justify his conclusions; but he regarded his position more as that of an expounder than as that of a teacher of primary methods of research. To those who are trained to dispense with the minor steps of mathematical analysis, great transpositions and simplifications of equations are easy and natural, while minds less experienced may not follow the process at all. It was thus with many of Emerson's conclusions; he transacted much of the routine work of reduction in one operation of the mind, and, given a certain state of facts, his conclusions were often so remote from the premises as not to appear directly logical and connected. As a writer, therefore, Mr. Emerson was not likely to be popular; but as a talker there were few minds of even average cultivation that could resist his charm—that which appeared dogmatic was conspicuously absent, and no one could fail to be impressed with the broad liberality of his views of others and the genial shrewdness and common sense of his opinions. He has been in failing health for some years, and recently his mind also has been somewhat shaken; so that, while lovingly mourned, his death will not be regretted as it would have been had his powers shone out in their early splendor. The group of New England writers of which Longfellow, Whittier, Emerson and Lowell have been among the most brilliant representatives is passing away so rapidly that soon only their works and the fading memories of their individual sweetness will remain to us. While Emerson had an undoubted vein of true poesy in all his thoughts, it will be as a philosopher that he will be remembered—by his familiar name of 'The Sage of Concord.—*Philadelphia Record*

THE good news from the west in regard to the outlook for this year's harvest will be more feelingly appreciated on account of the experience which the country has had during the past six months, and especially for the last two or three weeks, of the consequences of a partial failure of the crops. People who have just been finding out from experience that even in this land of plenty a poor harvest means an increase of from ten to twenty-five per cent. in the cost of food will take a deeper interest in the crop reports than they have ever done before, and will hear with much satisfaction that the prospect is encouraging.

THE Springfield *Republican* has a quaint way of expressing itself at times. The Hoosac tunnel has only cost about $4,000,000 since it was 'finished' by the Shanlys. Let's sell it. It's more of a tunnel than a small state like Massachusetts can afford to keep.

Our Indian Policy in Peril.

The *Watchman* comes to the support of our Indian policy with alacrity and nominates us for the presidency for having conceived of such a "wonderfully shrewd" plan for disposing of the red-skins. But this does not add to our happiness, neither does it strengthen our position. Its approval is, perhaps, the worst thing that could befall our policy, or any other, for that matter. Some might regard the support of a smart sheet like the *Watchman* as powerful backing in championing a cause of national importance, but in the light of past developments we must look upon it as a calamity. Hence we half wish we had kept our views on the Indian question to ourselves. In its discussion of political and other matters the *Watchman* is in the habit of introducing what it supposes to be a "funny streak," but which the public regards as a species of lunacy, and consequently looks with suspicion upon any measure it advocates—in fact, its support of it is enough to kill it. We take pleasure in discussing with our newspaper friends the leading questions of the day, but prefer rational beings to journalistic clowns for antagonists, and must therefore be excused from wasting any further words on this subject on our "komical kritics" at the other end of the block. When the only true Indian policy, as advocated by this paper, has been adopted and carried out, and the wild savages of the plains have become peaceable and law-abiding citizens of the East, and all brought about without even the loss of the *Watchman* editor's scalp, perhaps that individual will come to the conclusion that the scheme was not so "astonishingly shrewd" after all; and it is also to be hoped that by that time the said editor will have acquired the power of mind to furnish his readers with at least one column of sense to two of nonsense.

A Disgusted Democrat.

One of the Democratic lawyers whom the Government sent to South Carolina to assist in the election cases, remarks the *N. Y. Tribune*, was Mr. William W. Ker, of Philadelphia. After a brief sojourn among the chivalry he has returned to Philadelphia a good deal wiser than he was before, and a good deal less of a Democrat. Because he did his duty in Charleston, and dared to argue that a Democrat who was caught stuffing the ballot box should be punished like any other rascal, the hotel where he was staying was visited in the night by a mob of bulldozers who showed their warm regard for him by smashing all the windows in the lower stories, where his room was. He came home soon afterward, and his remarks on the character of the Southern Democrat are refreshing.

He says there are nearly one hundred cases of fraud at the polls still to be tried, and from the evidence there should be convictions in all of them. He makes this public profession of his change of faith: "When I was first summoned to South Carolina I did not believe in the stories told about ballot-box stuffing, but after carefully examining the evidence I was satisfied that the public did not know all the truth. I am a Democrat, and a firm believer in Democratic principles, but I cannot see how we are to be benefited or be successful if we are to countenance perjury and crime carried on under the pretence of aiding the Democratic party." We should like to be favored with some Democratic views of the remarks as they emanate now from the mouth of a Democrat.

THE highest crime known to the criminal calendar is the murder of a President of the United States, notwithstanding the *Watchman* considers it no worse than the theft of a horse. The least possible crime is the killing of the man who murders the President. The man who kills the President of the United States also injures 50,000,000 people.

Labor.

The Philadelphia *Times*, of Sunday gives its readers the three following plain hints about labor:

1. No law will ever make employers of any class public or private pay the same wages for eight hours of labor as others pay for ten hours. It is practicable to make eight hours a legal day's work, but when the interests or necessities of either employer or employed, contract for ten hours of labor, such labor will always command one-fifth more compensation than can be commanded by those who labor only eight hours. It would be equally practicable to compel consumers to pay the same price for eight yards of calico that is demanded for ten yards. It is not common sense; it is not common fairness, and it is not possible to enforce such a demand.

2. It is not lawful or just for any labor or combination of laborers to attempt to regulate the labor of others who refuse to associate themselves with industrial organizations. Every laborer is entitled to demand what he shall choose to demand for his own labor; but the law promptly interposes when one class of men attempt to deny to others the right to dispose of their labor as they shall deem best. Strikes are often just and always lawful until they assume to fix prices for others who choose to contract for themselves, and then they become lawless. The sound principle of justice that protects a laborer in refusing to work until an increase of wages is paid, applies with equal force and sanctity to all who shall choose to work on their own terms. In this government, where the laborer is as much a sovereign and a law-maker as the capitalists, law and justice are the landmarks of safety for all.

Strikes are seldom fruitful of beneficial labor. Taken as a whole, they have cost labor many times more loss than all that has been gained by them, and it will ever be so. In Massachusetts, where the statistics of labor disturbancees have been carefully noted, the result of 159 labor strikes proves that the "strikes, as a rule, are powerless to benefit the laboring classes, and that they entail injury instead of securing redress or advantage." There are occasions when labor strikes become a necessity, but they are very rare, and it is very seldom that they are not inspired by idlers and demagogues who profit by turbulence and distress.

Dear Beefsteak.

The causes which have brought about the increased price of meat may be readily stated. First, there must be taken into account the heavy losses of the herdsman of the Western plains in the winter of 1880-81. The losses were particularly severe in young stock. Next came the drought of last year, stopping the growth of all farm stock and increasing the cost of feed for cattle. The increased cost of corn adds directly to the cost of animals fattened upon corn, and must necessarily add to the price at which they can be put in the market. Last among the prime causes of advanced prices is the foreign demand. The British beef-eaters have got a fair taste of the flesh of American cattle, and they like it. The demand for it is steadily increasing. The shipments now reach perhaps ten thousand fine cattle per week. This, in itself, is not a heavy drain upon our resources, but when ocean freights are merely nominal and the supply is short for the home market the price of good beef in England must for the time fix the price of good beef in Philadelphia. The high prices help farmers and stock raisers out of the pinch caused by last year's short crops, and in this way incidentally do a great service to the country. Plenty of money in the farmer's pockets is always a good basis for business. It is a pity, however, that anything as necessary to the sustenance of labor as meat is should ever be scarce or dear. In the next three or four months the cattle that are now feeding upon the Western plains will begin to crowd the market, and if along with the cattle comes the promise of average crops of grain there will be an end of the high prices. The sources of supply are abundant, and in good time we shall be able to buy two pounds of steak for the money now paid for one.

GENERAL NOTES.

SENATOR DAVIS wants to succeed himself.

MEASLES are unusually prevalent in the eastern counties.

MR. ARTHUR has sold the Arthur homestead, near Albany, for $3,000.

MR. STEPHEN FISKE has resigned the editorship of the New York *Star*.

NO LECTURE agent has yet secured the widow of Jesse James for the platform.

THERE is nothing slow about the Scranton girls; they have a polo club.

THE Potter county jail does not contain a prisoner. Prohibition rules in Potter.

THE people of Chester complain because the boys play base ball matches on Sunday.

THE Greenbackers of Iowa are to take two days for their State convention this year.

PUBLIC meetings are being held in the western counties against the granting of licenses.

MRS. SCOVILLE called at the Washington jail on Wednesday, but Guiteau refused to receive her.

THE Connecticut prohibitionists have nominated George P. Rogers, of New London, for governor.

JOHN HAY and Mr. Nicholay have finished two of their six volumes of their "Life of Abraham Lincoln."

R. H. STODDARD has prepared a little book entitled "Henry Wadsworth Longfellow: A Medley in Prose and Verse."

A female tramp from Connecticut is skirmishing around Washington trying to get a chance to marry the president.

THE Pittsburg and Western Railroad has purchased a lot in Allegheny, at a cost of $80,000 on which to erect a depot.

MRS. ROBY, of Greensburg, thinks she has a snake in her stomach. She will be operated upon for its removal in a few days.

THE Fourth Regiment, N. G. P., was inspected at Reading last week, after a parade in which all the companies participated.

THE Indiana *Progress* says that a petrified fish nearly five feet in length was recently dug out of the Marion coal mine in that county.

THE jury sitting for the purpose of deciding on the sanity of ex-President Betts, of Brooklyn, have adjudged him to be of unsound mind.

JACK LEWIS, a farmer, 45 years of age, living near Fredericksburg, Va., hanged himself in his stable while under an imaginary apprehension of want of food.

THE Canadian customs authorities refused to allow General Tom Thumb's carriages and horses into Canada without the payment of $800 duty. They were left behind.

THE recent strike on the Harmony mills, Cohoes, has thrown about five thousand persons out of employment. The mills have been entirely closed.

THE poorer Jews in Odessa are said to be marrying at the rate of 150 couples per day. They imagine that if they are married, land will be given them free in America and Palestine.

AN enterprising Bangalee gentleman, in the prospectus of a new Anglo-Native journal, announces that his paper will be "loyal to the backbone, to the crown and to the constitution."

THE bride at a Bay City (Mich.) wedding would submit to kisses only on condition that they were paid for at $1 each. They sold readily at that price, and a $132 was realized for a charity.

CHARLES ATHONS, of Decatur, Illinois, was stricken with paralysis a few days ago and was believed to be dead. After his body had been prepared for burial he regained consciousness and will no doubt recover.

THERE is every probability that the company running steamboats on the Rhine will soon attempt to light both shores of the river ahead by means of the electric light for the benefit of sightseers traveling at night.

ADVICES from nearly sixty counties in Iowa show an increase of nearly twenty five per cent. in the wheat and oat crops. An increased acreage of corn—twenty to thirty per cent. more than last year—will also be planted.

A TELEGRAM from Montreal reports that the Count de Blois, a French nobleman, has lost his patents of nobility through a robbery. It is alleged that a man named Edmond stole them, along with a valise and $1000 in cash.

THE new spring hat or bonnet is becoming multiplied in our streets. It is of a dark straw and is about three times as large as an ordinary six lap race track. It appears to be trimmed with anything from artificial violets down to old tomato cans.

THE fact that Chinese are arriving at Victoria, British Columbia, at the rate of 700 a week, suggests the notion that even were our Pacific ports closed there would be a few cracks left through which Chinese immigration could leak into this country.

THE legislature of Maine is considering a law to punish apothecaries who make fatal mistakes, being incited thereto by a Bangor case, in which a clerk put Cyanide of potash into a prescription instead of citrate of potash, that caused a woman's death.

IF, as illeged, the new style purple pencil leads are poisonous, something should be done about it, for any villain can get rid of a woman by presenting her with one. The woman never lived who could use a pencil without sticking the point in her mouth.

MAYOR LOW, of Brooklyn, has been invited to "pursue a course of reading" by the modest secretary of the Brooklyn labor lyceum association, accompanied by a request for him to attend the laying of the corner stone of the new hall of the lyceum. The mayor concluded not to accept.

A STATEMENT just completed by the post-office department shows that up to April 22, 1882, there were 45,000 postoffices in the United States. This includes an increase within the past month of 250 offices, fully 50 per cent. of which is exhibited as having occurred in the southern states.

Poetry.

THE PIANO NEXT DOOR.

They have got a piano next door—
A new one I think by the sound—
Like a banjo, a tin shop, a hardware store,
A picket-line firing, a howitzer roar,
With a keg of spikes spilled on the ground.

The daughter is learning to play,
And she runs up and down on the scale,
With her feet, one is tempted to say,
With parent brass heels keeping time on the way,
While she drags the house-cat by the tail.

Like death, all seasons are hers,
And she practices day and night;
She is up in the morning before the house stirs,
And she rumble and rattles and bangs and whirls,
Till we groan in our sleep with fright.

We ask, is it "Upright," or "Square,"
Or "Grand," thus to torture our ears?
Her notes are protested now everywhere;
Her "touch," like an Indian's, will raise men's hair,
And her "method" calls forth our tears.

They have got "the piano" next door;
Why don't they hang out the red flag?
So house-hunters, seeing, may skip the bore
To find quiet places where they may snore,
With no music their souls to fag.

UPON MY WORD SHE DID!

Her hair was black. "But black," she sighed,
"Is very much too cold;"
And so she bleached her locks until
They looked almost like gold
A simple satin robe she wore,
Which closely to her hung
(In fact it was extremely scant),
And from her belt a lily pale
And four sunflowers hung—
Four big sunflowers hung.

She would not touch a bit of meat,
But oft she'd sit and weep,
To think the broiled chops were once
Part of a baby sheep.
"And oh!" she'd moan, "these seared steaks,
So full of gravy now"
(This was a slight mistake, I think),
"Once wandered o'er the fields and meads,
Attached to a cow—
A gentle browsing cow."

She was the most poetic thing;
She wouldn't harm a fly;
"Its life is short at best," she'd say—
"Oh, pray don't make it die!"
The very cat for catching mice
In tearful voice she chid,
And then at last she married
(And seemed quite glad to get him, too),
A butcher; yes, she did—
Upon my word she did!

—Margaret Eytinge, in Harper's Magazine for March.

Our Story Teller.

The Young Reprobates.

'No!' sighed Mr. Belton Bellow dejectedly, as he mixed a little more on his palette for the nut brown tresses of the 'Maid Marion' that he was putting on canvass, 'she don't love me! She can't! No woman ever treated a man so, if she cared two straws for him.'

But it was not of Maid Marion he was thinking; it was Dolly Brooke, the pretty girl whose mother had rented the old brown brick house at the corner of the street, and whose eyes were so blue and sparkling, and yet so cruelly cold.

He had been introduced to her, and had met her a great many times that winter. He had even danced with her at the Blue-bell sociables, held her hand in the Caledonians, and stood beside her in the Virginia Reel.

He did not think from her manner that she absolutely disliked him, but he was very sure that she did not care for him. And this unreasonable young artist made himself miserable accordingly.

'She is such a darling!' he said to himself—'such a human rosebud, with coloring in her hair such as Titian never dreamed of, and eyes that Salvator Rosa would have painted in ultra-marine with sea-blue shadows! But what is the use of my mooning about her? I'd better accept Raymond's offer, and go to Rome with him, even if I have to starve there in a garret. Art will perhaps smile on me, but Dolly Brooke never will.'

And he painted on, resentfully dabbing away at 'Maid Marion's round nose with a heart as heavy as if he were moulded in lead.

While at that very moment, Dolly Brooke (her Christian name was Dorothea) was dusting the parlor at home, with her head tied up in a blue cambric sweeping cap, and her lovely cheeks heightened with true feminine exercise; while Norah, the help, stood meekly in the doorway, with a scrubbing brush in her hand.

'Yes, if you please, miss?' said Norah. 'A letter from Mike—an' you'd please to answer it, miss, for not a single word can I write.'

Dolly left off polishing the base of the little statuette of Ceres, and looked at Norah with a pretty puzzled expression of countenance.

'But, Norah,' said she, 'how absurd all this is! How can I answer Michael's letter? How shall I know what to say to him?'

'Sure, miss,' said Norah, her honest eyes lighting up, 'an' that's easy enough. Just tell him, in fine, scholarly writing, miss, that I love him with all my heart. That's what I want him to understand, miss; for, he ain't quite in his mind about it, and he's way off in county Roscommon, Ireland.'

'Very well,' said Dolly, half smiling at the idea, 'I'll try. Come to my room in half an hour, Norah.'

And Dolly inexorably locked out her two little brothers, who were enraged at being debarred from the 'fun of hearing Norah's love letter.'

'Go about your business, boys,' said Dolly, severely, 'It's no affair of yours.'

Johnny and Billy looked indignantly at each other.

'We'll serve her out!' said Johnny.

'We'll let her know!' enigmatically responded Billy.

And these young lads' with their chins balanced on the garden wall like Raphael's cherubs, betook themselves to throwing stones at the cat, while they consulted as to the special variety of Nemesis which should be visited on Dolly's unconscious head.

'I've got it,' said Johnny, smiting his leg.

'Eh?' said Billy.

'We'll make an April Fool of her!' houted Johnny.

'Yes, but how!' said Billy.

A-h-!' said Johnny. 'You always was a softy, Bill, I'll tell you by-and-by.'

* * * *

'Now, Norah,' said Dolly, seated at the table, with the fresh sheet of paper, the new steel pen and stand of violet ink before her, 'how are we to begin? 'Dear Mike?'

'Sure, miss,' said Norah, who was standing respectfully near the door, with a clean calico apron, 'an' ain't that too plain like? Make it a little sweeter, miss—the saints be good to you! An' just tell him I love him true, though I haven't told him so before, an' I'll be constant to him to the wurreld's end! There!'

'Very well!' said Dolly, contracting her brows. 'Keep still for a few minutes—very still, mind!'

And Norah, shifting her weight from one foot to the other, scarcely dared to breathe, until at last Dolly flung aside the pen and pushed back her chair, reading out what she had composed with all the grace of rhetorical effect.

'Will that do?' she asked.

And Norah, clasping her hands in delight, answered:

'Och, miss, an' book-print itself couldn't be finer! An' if ye'll sign it 'Your own true love,' Mike'll know who it is, true and certain.'

'There is mamma's bell!' said Dolly suddenly. 'Run, Norah! We'll inclose the letter in an envelope and post it after dinner. There has been quite enough time wasted in love-letter writing already.'

And then she sat down and fell into a half conscious reverie.

'All the girls have lovers,' she said to herself; 'even poor Norah, who can neither read nor write! They all have lovers except me! Oh, I wonder—how it would seem to have a lover?'

And instinctively her thoughts wandered off to Belton Bellow, the handsome, pale-browed young artist whose studio was on the next street.

'Ah,' she pondered, 'he thinks of nothing but his art! He has no time to dream of love! And if he had, I am scarcely vain enough to fancy that he would care for me!'

And Dolly Brooke cried a little, she did not know why. But when she came up stairs after dinner, the love letter was gone.

Dolly looked around her with a frightened face. The casement window was open a little way to admit the fresh March sunshine, and she could only imagine that the breeze whirled the sheet out of the window.

'Poor Norah!' thought Dolly. 'She shall not be disappointed.'

And so she sat down and wrote it all over again as nearly as she could recollect the impassioned phrases, inclosed it in an envelope, and directed it, circumstantially, to Mr. Michael Mullany, Blaney Hill, County Roscommon, Ireland.'

And then she herself carried it to the post box on the corner, directly under the window of Mr. Bellew's studio. While Billy and Johnny, in the woodshed at the end of the house were giggling over the first copy of poor Norah's tender effusion.

'We'll kil two birds with one stone,' said the precocious Billy, whose rancor had been heightened by Dolly's refusal to give him three helpings of raspberry jam at dinner. 'We'll make an April Fool of that Bellow fellow that comes prowling around to see Dolly, and we'll play a game on her!'

And Johnny, sitting hugging his knees on the floor, chuckled aloud at the prospect.

* * * * * *

The first of April dawned, chill, bleak and showery, like anything but the bright precursor of spring, and Mr. Bellow was just settling to work on 'Maid Marian,' when the postman rapped loudly at the door, and a letter directed in Johnny's school-boy chirography was handed in.

Bellow broke it open in some bewilderment, but his face lighted up when he saw the well-known writing within. What! had he carried a scrap of Dolly's writing—the mere formula for some social game which they had played at her house—around in his breast pocket for six weeks not to know it now?'

"MY OWN SWEETHEART," it read, "I am resolved at last to cast aside all false pride, and confess how dear you are to me. If it lowers me in your opinion, I can but accept my lot in silence; but if you will write to tell me that your heart indeed responds"—

(Norah had especially exulted on this particular expression, as being 'just exactly what she wanted Mike to understand')—

—"I shall be the happiest girl in America. And so I sign myself

FOREVER YOUR OWN TRUE LOVE."

Which latter somewhat abrubt fashion of ending had also been the result of Norah's fervent entreaty.

He'll like it best, miss,' she had said—'he will indeed.'

Belton Bellow read the letter over once, twice, three times.

'Am I dreaming?' he asked himself.

'The sweet darling—she has read my secret soul! I must have worn my heart on my sleeve for daws to peck at! Write, indeed! I will go to her at once—this hour, this very second!'

And, leaving 'Maid Marian' staring at the uncertain sunshine with only one side of her left eyebrow painted in Mr. Bellow rushed straight to the old brown-brick house, where Dolly was trimming her hyacinths, at the window, in a bewitching little pink gingham morning dress, with black velvet bows fastened on it here and there.

'Mr. Bellow! she exclaimed with the prettiest surprise, as honest Norah, with her face one broad smile, showed him into the parlor.

'Dolly' he exclaimed breathlessly, holding out his hands—'my own darling?'

Dolly turned pink and then pale. 'I don't understand you, Mr Bellow,' said she.

Mr. Bellow's countenance fell.

'Didn't you write this letter?' he demanded, holding it out, with a blank expression of face.

'Yes, said Dolly, glancing over the familiar words in extreme amazement. 'I wrote it. But—but I don't know how it ever came into your hands!'

'You sent it to me,' said the artist.

'No, I didn't,' cried Dolly, bursting into tears. 'As if I could ever send such a letter as that to a gentleman! I—I don't know how you could think so ill of me as that!'

'Dolly, 'faltered poor Belton Bellow, 'didn't you mean it! Don't you really care for me?'

'Whether I meant it or not, don't signify,' sobbed Dolly, with her face still hidden behind her pocket-handkerchief.

'Oh, but it does!' said Mr. Bellow, gently obtaining possession of one of her hands. 'Because, Dolly, I love you dearly! And if you wont love me back, a very little, I shall be wretched all my life! I don't think I ever should have had courage to tell you this, darling, but now I feel so brave that I am determined not to leave this place without a definite answer.'

How they settled it nobody ever precisely knew, not even Billy, who had his mischevous ear glued against the key-hole, in gleeful anticipation of 'a jolly old row.' But he scampered down stairs, three steps at a time, to where Johnny was labeling lots of 'April Fools' for the decoration of the backs of casual passers-by.

'Johnny,' said he, 'the thing hasn't worked at all. She wasn't mad worth a cent. He kissed her, as sure as you're alive, and she kissed him back; and he put a ring on her finger?'

'Pooh!' said Johnny. 'I've no patience with such trash! Look here, Bill, I've painted fourteen of 'em—don't you think that'll be enough?'

When Mr. Bellow went away, feeling as if he were treading on air, Dolly came down into the woodshed, where her younger brothers eyed her like convicted criminals.

'Boys,' said she, 'I've found you out. I saw Billy's writing on the outside of that letter which was mailed to Mr. Bellow.'

'It was only an April Fool, anyhow!' muttered Billy, turning red.

'No fellow thinks anything of that!' added Johnny.

'You did very wrong,' said Miss Brooke.

'But you are two darlings—and I love you ever so much!'

And she kissed and hugged both the young reprobates, and then ran away up stairs, quite unaware that the artful Johnny had succeeded in affixing a large placard to the back of her dress.

'Girls always are April Fools when they fall in love!' said the juvenile misanthrope.

Nor was he altogether wrong; but perhaps it was worth the obloquy of the thing to be very happy as was Dolly Brooke.—*Helen Forrest Graves.*

The Chinese Queue.

The history of the Chinese queue is told by the Rev. Julius Doolittle, a missionary in China, as follows: 'The first Emperor of the present dynasty, who began to reign in 1644, having usurped the throne, determined to make the tonsure of Manchuria, his native country, the token of submission of the Chinese to his authority. He ordered them to shave all the head except the crown, to allow the hair on that part to grow long and to dress according to the custom of Manchuria. The Chinese had been accustomed under their native Emperors to wear long hair over the whole head, and to arrange it in a tuft or coil. The change was gradual, but finally prevailed through the empire. At first those who shaved their heads and conformed to the law received, it is said, a present of a tael of silver, after a while only half a tael, and then only a tenth of a tael, and afterward only an egg—finally even an egg was not allowed. The law requiring the people to shave the head and braid the queue was not rigidly enforced by the penalty of immediate death but it became very manifest that those who did not conform to the wishes of the dominant dynasty would never become successful in a lawsuit against those who did conform, nor would they succeed at the literary examinations.'

THE Mormon importation goes steadily on, and there appears to be no way to stop it at present. Still there is some hope that the broad Christianity which sent Cannon howling back into the wilds of Utah, and which proposes to demonstrate its philanthropy still further by exporting the heathen Chinese, and preventing further consignments, may yet rise to the urgency of the occasion, and appoint an inspector of morals and religion at every port, who shall rigidly refuse admission to all polygamous heretics. Both the letter and spirit of the Constitution having been ignored by the anti-Chinese bills, it is hardly worth while to make two bites of a cherry about Mormonism.

—In all rheumatic diseases rely wholly upon PERUNA.

Want to Go to Africa.

The American colonization society, an organization established more than fifty years ago for the purpose of promoting the emigration of free negroes to Africa, made an appeal to the public Monday evening in a meeting held at the Brick church, on Fifth Avenue, New York. Mr. Wm. H. Dodge presided, and the Rev. Dr. S. I. Prime conducted the preliminary services. The first speaker was the Rev. R. S. Storrs, D. D., of Brooklyn, who predicted that the society was destined to accomplish a great work in the immediate future. Half a million negroes who had once been slaves were, he said, now waiting and praying for some means to effect their return to Africa, and, however, in its earlier days, he might have dissented from the aims of the society as tending to encourage rather than to extinguish slavery, its work he could now heartily endorse. It had been well said by a distinguished writer that the nineteenth century had made a man of the African; to the twentieth century would descend the creation of a new world in Africa. Dr. Storrs expatiated upon the physical resources and and advantages of the African continent as disclosed by the discoveries of the last half century, and averted to the progress already made by modern commerce in developing and utilizing these resources. Thirty-four missionary societies are, he stated, now represented on the African coast, but it is principally through colonization, carried on by enlightened means, that the redemption of the continent from barbarism is to be effected. Dr. Storrs closed with an appeal in behalf of the colonizing movement, and was followed by Dr. Thomas G. Patterson, of Washington, who stated that the society had successfully established a free state in Africa with a republican form of government, administered exclusively by colored people. The industry, order and sobriety of the inhabitants are attested by all who have visited Liberia. There are churches and schools in every settlement. During its existence the society has given transportation to 15,575 liberated slaves, and to 5,722 negroes recaptured, making in all 21,297 persons. In all 173 voyages have been made by emigrant vessels under the auspices of the society, and not a single serious disaster has occurred. Dr. Patterson read letters from intelligent negroes in the south and southwest showing the existence of a strong movement looking to the colonization in Africa as a means of bettering the condition of their race, and asking for information as to the resources of the society to answer the demand. What the society wanted, Dr. Patterson said, was money—thousands where it once required only hundreds—and it now confidently appeals to the American people to furnish needed funds.

Opening a Car Window.

Maybe a man feels happy, and proud, and flattered, and envied and blessed among men when he sees a pretty girl trying to raise a window on a railway car, and he jumps up and gets in ahead of the other boys, and says: "Allow me?" oh, so courteously. And she says: "Oh, if you please, I would be so glad," and the other male passengers turn green with envy, and he leans over the back of the seat and tackles the window in a knowing way with one hand, if peradventure he may toss it airily with a simple turn of the wrist; but it kind of holds on, and he takes hold with both hands, but it sort of doesn't let go to any alarming extent, and then he pounds it with his fist, but it only seems to settle a little closer into place, and then he comes around, and she gets out of her seat to give him a fair chance, and he grapples the window and bows up his back, and tugs, and pulls, and sweats, and grunts, and strains, and his hat falls off, and his suspender buttons fetch loose, and his vest-buckle starts, and his face gets red, and his feet slip, and people laugh, and irreverent young men in remote seats groan and grunt every time he lifts, and cry out: "Now then, altogether!" as if in mockery, and he bursts his collar at the forward button; and, the pretty young lady, vexed at having been made so conspicuous, says in her iciest manner: "Oh, never mind; thank you! It doesn't make any difference," and then calmly goes away and sits down in another seat, and that wearied man gathers himself together, and reads a book upside down—oh, doesn't he feel good, just!—*Burlington Hawkeye.*

Mrs. Miriam Florence Leslie.

The widow of the well known publisher, has upon application to the courts of New York, had her name changed to Frank Leslie, the name her husband bore. It was not a mere whim with her, but a business idea, as she wishes to perpetuate the name of the Frank Leslie Publishing house of which she is now the proprietor and manager. Every morning she is found in her office by half-past eight o'clock, and remains until five in the afternoon. She signs all checks and money orders, makes all contracts for supplies of all sorts, looks over the proofs of all articles before they are published, and makes suggestions concerning the make up of every periodical before it is sent to press. In a word, she is the head of the whole establishment. In Mrs. Leslie's employ are over four hundred people, comprising artists, engravers, editors, compositors, etc., and thirteen different periodicals are issued.

An Imperial Huntress.

Writing of the Empress of Austria's recent visit to Paris, the *Pall Mall Gazette* says: 'The imperial huntress has renounced the throne for the side-saddle, and emancipated herself from all the irksome duties of her station. For a woman of her limited power of reflection her self-knowledge is surprising. She is aware of her incapacity to deal with any state affair and of her gross ignorance of politics. Pictures, fashions, the drama, and most other things which interest polite society are to her matters of perfect indifference. She is attached to her father and mother, sisters, grandchildren, dogs, horses, and some sporting and circus cronies whose advice she asks when she has thoroughbred colts to train for the hunting-field. She ignores most persons and things that she finds excite her antipathy or anger. Still, she has a few pet aversions. Bismarck is one of them. When she was quite new to regal life she took a childish sort of pleasure in magnificent dress. She now hates French modes and millinery, and thinks simple raiment the most becoming of any. The habits she wore in the Bois were of the coarsest woollen tweed, and her hat was a featherless Tom and Jerry. He father, the Duke of Deux-Ponts, is very odd. Not being rich enough when his five daughters were growing girls to hire ladies to attend them, he simply confided them to the charge of dogs. The eldest, Helen, was to have been, as old Duke Max put it, the Queen Bee of Austria, and was educated for the function. Archduchess Sophy was delighted with the result of her training, and thought her a paragon of courtly dignity and grace. But when Francis Joseph went to propose for her he was chilled by her imperial manners, which he thought imperious, and proposed for Elizabeth, whom he had first seen roving in a forest attended by a mastiff. She was a lovely wild being. At first she was dazzled by the imperial crown, very much in love with the Emperor, and very sorry for Helen, who fell back on the Prince of Turn and Taxis. But the wildness and willfulness got eventually the upper hand. Vienna and its ceremonious etiquette became intolerable. For some years the Empress attempted to please the stiff and stately folk. But she was always making blunders and getting herself censured. The family circle, the nobility, and the bourgeoise misundertsood her, which, as she was very proud, she silently resented. The apparent breakdown of her constitution restored her to liberty. Health returned with freedom. But Vienna still appears a jail to the Empress. She is always glad to leave it. Her absence extends over three fourths of the year.

How Lincoln Told a Secret.

The following story about President Lincoln, which may not be news to all our readers, was recently repeated by Bishop Simpson: I was informed one day that a committee from New York, composed of leading citizens, went to see him in reference to the conduct of the war. After they had transacted their general business, and the committee was making their way to the door—he was standing in the other part of the room—one of the gentlemen, who presumed on his acquaintance with Mr. Lincoln, to ask particularly searching questions, stepped up to him, and, in the lowest tone of voice, said: 'Mr. President, I would like to know where Burnside's fleet is going.' Burnside had just sailed with his fleet, but his destination was unknown.

'Well,' said Mr. Lincoln, in a low tone of voice, 'would you like very much to know?' 'Yes,' he said he would. 'Well, now,' said Mr. Lincoln, 'if I would tell you, perhaps you would tell some one else.'

'No,' said he, 'I will not.' Then Mr. Lincoln, putting up his hand to his face, and, as if to whisper, said loud enough for all to hear:—'*He's gone to sea.*'

A SOBER-FACED man sat in a cosy room looking over some dress patterns, smoking a pipe, and holding a couple of curly-headed youngsters on his knees. Putting aside the patterns and pipe, and tossing off the youngsters, he said: 'Yes, I'm a lady's dressmaker, but scarcely on the scale of Worth. I have been in the business twenty years as a cutter in dressmaking houses. I worked five years in Vienna and three in Pesth, and have worked five years in this country in different houses. There are several others in this country, perhaps fifteen altogether. Two are French, two are German, and the rest are Bohemians. I am a Bohemian. I have measured and cut for several dressmakers in this city. In Paris it is different from here. One house will have sometimes three or four men measuring ladies for dresses and doing the cutting. Yes, I think a man can do both as well as a woman can. I have never found that ladies objected.'

An article in an exchange is headed "Jay Gould to Sue for a Reputation." What a man who is worth fifty millions of dollars wants with a reputation is a problem too deep for the average mind to solve. Mr. Gould is rich enough to buy a reputation, if he wants one. We'll let him have ours for one third of his wealth, and not a cent less—because its the only one we have.

'Is there any opening here for an intellectual writer?' asked a seedy, red-nosed individual of an editor. 'Yes, my friend,' replied the man of quills, 'a considerate carpenter foreseeing your visit, left an opening for you. Turn the knob to the right.'

Our Spice Box.

The postage stamp is small but the biggest men always go behind its face to lick it.

Owing to the cold weather, spring bonnets will be large enough to put a gas stove on the top.

When a man is in a tight place the time has come for him to drop bitterness and try taffy.

Tommy asked his mother if the school teacher's ferrule was a piece of the board of education.

Why are fowls the most profitable thing a farmer can raise? Because for every grain they give a peck.

The clown plays the fool for want of money, but there are plenty of people who do it for want of wit.

A collector of antique furniture was hunting through the auction shops, the other day, for a "signal service bureau."

The way to get rich in this world is to save what you make. When you make a fool of yourself don't give it away.

'Mamma,' asked an inquiring 6 year old, 'how do the angels get their clothes on over their wings?' How, indeed?

The corpse of a grasshopper found in a roll of butter is pretty good circumstantial evidence that the butter is genuine.

'What shall our boys do?' asks the Baltimore *Herald*. Well, in a few months they'll commence stealing green apples, just see if they don't.

To say 'as different as chalk is from cheese.' When we consider that cheese is made from milk, and milk is made from chalk, there is not such a great difference after all.

Liquor has different effects on different people. A New York man got full of whiskey and died, while a Congressman would merely have risen and attempted to make a speech.

'DOCTOR,' said Mrs. Pepper to her pastor, 'do you think a little temper is wrong in a woman?' 'Certainly not,' replied the gallant clergyman: 'On the contrary, it is a good thing; and she should be careful never to lose it.'

'Husband,' she said, 'I'll not need a new bonnet this spring. The one I wore last year is good enough.' 'Hurrah for you!' was the man's joyful shout. 'Now I can buy a box of $10 cigars and pay off my old liquor bill.

A Milwaukee paper says that when young men go courting they generally stay too late. Young men should remember that when a woman has to carry a heavy mass of false hair for several hours it usually gives her the headache.

A family paper published a long article entitled "Housekeeping Hereafter." "Merciful heavens," groaned a distracted mother of five children, and keeper of one husband and two servants, "if I thought there was going to be any housekeeping hereafter, I declare I'd never die."

Just because a 90 year-old Kentucky widower got married, his children are making a fuss, and saying he oughtn't to have done it. Children nowadays are getting too particular. It won't be long before they'll be growling at their fathers for getting bald-headed.

'GEORGE,' said a fond parent to his son, 'you took my overcoat instead of your own, and I regret to say that I found the pockets full of cigarettes and matches.' 'I discovered my mistake, father,' replied the son, 'directly I got outside, for I found your pockets contained chocolate creams and a pair of ladies gloves.'

Spotted Tail's Joke.

One day Captain Lee was talking with Spotted Tail, the murdered chief, and others about honest people, and the keeping of one's word.

"There's no such a thing as an honest man," said the Captain, jokingly. "There used to be however. In former times honest men always used to have a bunch of hair growing in the palm of their right hand."

Spotted Tail stepped up to him, and shaking hands with him, said:

"How! How! I used to have a great big bunch of hair in the palm of my hand, but it has all been worn off by shaking with the whites."

Gen. Francis E. Spinner's inimitable signature, which became so familiar to the greenback holders during the war, is thus explained by himself: "It was when I was practicing law in Herkimer county—well, let me see—it was in 1830. Judge Osborn was my law partner. I was scrawling with my pen at my desk one day, and wrote my name several times in that manner. Osborn happened to see it. He said: 'Hello, old Fishhooks 'I'll bet you can't do that again.' I said, 'I bet I can;' and I did it. I adopted it as my signature then, and I have written my name in that way ever since."

'No man shall ever kiss me except my future husband,' she said, as he was about leaving her at the gate. 'Suppose I agree to be your future—' 'Why then I'll kiss you,' she replied eagerly; and she did. Her mother was informed that he had proposed, and the old lady called round next day to fasten matters, and before he knew it he was eternally booked. It was a mean advantage, but a bird in hand is worth two on the front gate.

A Philadelphia merchant, who never advertises, went into the back parlor of his store to take a little nap, just before the holiday trade opened, and gave orders that he should be waked up as soon as a customer came in. He is still snoring.

New Advertisements.

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Among the medical means of arresting disease, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters stands preminent. It checks the further progress of all disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels, revives the vital stamina, prevents and remedies chills and fever, increases the activity of the kidneys, counteracts a tendency to rheumatism, and is a genuine stay and solace to aged, infirm and nervous persons.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

$66 a week in your own town, $5 outfit free. No risk: Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want a business at which you can make great pay all the time you work, write for particulars to H HALLIET & Co., Portland Maine. jan1 d6ma&w1y

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In basement of the Conrad House, Bellefonte, Pa. The best of razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a shave without ether pulling or pain. Perfumery, hair oil, hair restoratives, etc., constantly on hand. *Warm and Cold Baths.* 5-11[illegible]

Undeveloped Resources.

The Philadelphia and New York newspapers of April 22d contained the following dispatch from Lock Haven: The lands in the mountains west of Lock Haven, including those of Centre and Clearfield counties, containing large deposits of bituminous coal, are being bought up in as quiet a manner as possible by capitalists of Philadelphia and New York, yet the beds of iron ore in the same region attract but little attention. The peculiar clay that is used for the best quality of fire brick is also found in the same region. These mountains will certainly in the near future become the scene of immense industries, as well as agricultural regions of no m an consequence. The vast forests are rapidly being stripped of hemlock by the immense tanneries on the line of the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, and in a few years the pines will all have been transported to the Eastern markets by flood and by rail. Wandering bands of railroad engineers have for a year past been traversing these sections locating lines from the main trunk of the Philadelphia and Erie to the various coal beds, and many of these roads will no doubt be constructed in the near future. The Philadelphia and Reading and the Vanderbilt systems are also reaching for the same coal fields, and locating lines to that end.' * * * *

My boy, whenever you hear a man growling and grumbling and whining about the Mrs. Garfield fund bet yourself $10 he never subscribed a cent to it; when he adds that there are thousands of poor widow women that need the money a thousand times worse than Mrs. Garfield, bet yourself another ten that his wife takes care of seven children and does all her own housework because he is too mean and stingy to hire a servant, and when he says all that money should have gone to the Michigan sufferers, cover the whole lot with a $50 note that he never gave the Michigan sufferers a dollar. When you find a whiner of this sort. you have got hold of a man who puts pennies in the missionary box, attends free lectures for his entertainments, lends money at 12 per cent. reads his newspaper on the office bulletin, and dies with a thundering sight bigger estate in his own country than he has in heaven, and when he gets to the pearly gates will find that he hasn't got one solitary ounce, not a color of the only coin that will let him in, and it's the cheapest gold and the easiest to get in all this world, too.

Mr. Johns came to a hotel in Bismark with a cheap looking trunk, worth about $7. The clerk sized him up and gave him a back room, just under the roof, with a dormer window, a camp bed and a tin basin for furniture. The porter snubbed him and he was the last man waited on at the table and always seated where he couldn't reach the bread and the castor. He went away on business, was gone six weeks, and left his room door open. And then when he came back and opened that old trunk and took $12,000 in gold out of it, the landlord pulled out all his hair for mortification and went and got roaring drunk for five days, the clerk forgot to paste down his front hair and went one whole day without changing his eight inch cuffs, and the porter went out in the woods and lay down and died. Moral: Never disdain to go through a trunk because it looks cheap. You can't tell what it may assay.—*Hawkeye.*

By the death of Charles Robert Darwin, the well-known author of the 'Origin of Species by Natural Selection,' England loses its most distinguished and influential scientist. It may be said that Darwin was the founder in England of the modern school of science. It was he who turned the current of scientific thought into the channel in which during the past twenty years it has cut so deep, and the sensation caused by the appearance of his first great book on the origin of species will still be remembered. Darwin was an original thinker, a most conscientious student, and an indefatigable worker. Although in his seventy-forth year when he died, his intellectual activity and power were retained to the last, and even now a book of his published only a few months ago is one of the principal subjects of discussion in scientific circles. Few men have made a deeper mark than be upon contemporary thought.

Society Notes.

CHICAGO, April 17.

Dear Tribune: Will you please answer the following questions—in your valuable paper:

1. In what order should two gentlemen and two ladies be seated in a theatre?

2. What should be appropriate with oysters for a supper?

3. On which side of a lady should a gent sit at supper?

4. What is, and what should be worn (by a gent) at a calico party?

ANSWER.

1. In attending the theatre with two or more ladies the gentleman should always occupy the seat nearest the aisle. The old custom of obliging a gentleman to clamber over several pairs of overshoes in order to get a drink has become obsolete.

2. Wine is always appropriate at an oyster supper, A hack to send the boys home in is also considered recherche in Chicago.

3. On whichever side there is the most to eat.

4. Authorities differ, but no harm will be done by putting on pants and vest, a coat gives some men an air of *savoir faire* not otherwise attainable, however.

New Advertisements.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

will cure dyspepsia, heartburn, malaria, kidney disease, liver complaint, and other wasting diseases.

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enriches the blood and purifies the system; cures weakness, lack of energy, etc. Try a bottle.

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is the only Iron preparation that does not color the teeth, and will not cause headache or constipation, as other Iron preparations will.

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Ladies and all sufferers from neuralgia, hysteria, and kindred complaints, will find it without an equal.

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RAKES FORKS SCYTHES CRADLES, SPROUT'S HAY FORKS,

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As well as all kinds of HARDWARE, to meet all demands in this line.

DOWNS' ELIXIR.

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Vegetable Balsamic

ELIXIR

This valuable medicine is purely vegetable; the discovery of which was the result of many years' close study, in order to discover the cause, the symptoms, and the cure—viz: **Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Croup, Asthma, Pleurisy, Hoarseness, Influenza, Spitting Blood, Bronchitis,** and every species of oppression of the **Chest** and **Lungs.** In all cases where this Elixir has been duly administered its efficacy has been invariably manifested, convincing the most incredulous that

CONSUMPTION

is not incurable, if properly attended to.—Consumption, at its commencement, is but a slight irritation of the membrane which covers the Lungs; then an inflamation, when the cough is more observable, but rather dry; then becomes local fever and the pulse more frequent, the cheeks flushed and chills more common. This Elixir in curing the above complaints, operates so as to remove all **morbid irritations** and **inflamation** from the lungs to the surface, and finally expel them from the system. It facilitates expectoration.

It heals the ulcerated surfaces

and relieves the cough and makes the breathing easy. It supports the strength and at the same time reduces the fever. It is free from strong opiate and astringent articles, which are of so drying a nature as to be in great danger of destroying the patient; whereas this medicine never dries or stops the cough, but, by removing the cause, generally destroys the hectic before the cough is entirely gone. Consequently, when the cough is cured the patient is well. Send address for pamphlet giving full directions for cure of pulmonary diseases.

Price 35 cts., 50 cts., and $1.00 per bottle.

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THE CROWNING GLORY

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Immense Radiating Surface.

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FORT ORANGE AND EASTLAKE.

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It cures Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sleeplessness, and all diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Lungs, Liver, Urinary Organs, and all Female Complaints.

If you are wasting away with Consumption or any disease, use the TONIC to-day. It will surely help you.

Remember! This TONIC is the Best Family Medicine ever made, and is far superior to Bitters, Essences of Ginger and other Tonics, as it never Intoxicates, and cures Drunkenness. Any dealer in drugs can supply you—50c. and $1 sizes. None genuine without signature of HISCOX & Co., Chemists, N. Y.

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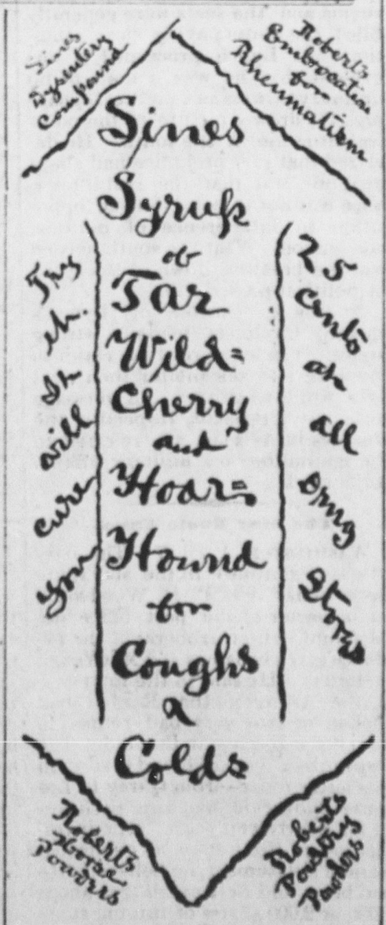
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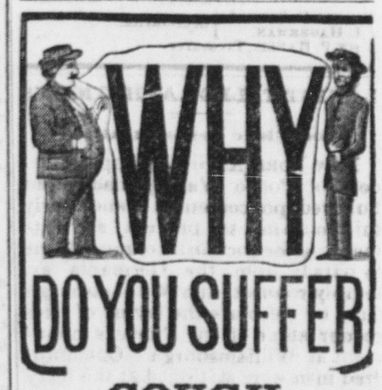

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who contracted disease of any kind, or received wounds even of the slightest character, can get a PENSION. Thousands now drawing pensions can get an increase under *new laws* and liberal rulings of the Department. Also $300 Bounty due soldiers of the late war. Send for laws and important information. KOOKOGEY & CO. Box 647, Washington, D. C. FREE 41f

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Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania,

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2 00
If not paid for within 6 months..... 2 50
If not paid for until expiration of year..... 3 00

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid or in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free; exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
1 inch (12 lin' this typ'e)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$ 12 00
Two inches	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column	35 00	55 00	125 00

To insure insertion, advertisements MUST be in no later than Monday noon.

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

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We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all others who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses and the best type to be found anywhere.

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EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor,
Bellefonte, Pa.

County Republican Executive Committee, 1882.

Bellefonte, N W.,	Col D S Keller,	Bellefonte
do S W.,	Maj H H Bonner,	do
do W W.,	Col G A Bayard,	do
Howard bor.,	H T Lucas,	Howard
Milesburg boro.,	Lyman T Eddy,	Milesburg
Millheim boro.,	Samuel D Musser,	Millheim
Philipsburg boro.,	Wm E Irwin,	Philipsburg
Unionville boro.,	Benj min Rich,	Fleming
Benner twp.,	Jos Marshall,	Bellefonte
Boggs	Jno M Wagner,	Milesburg
Burnside,	Wm Stewart Jr,	Moshannon
College,	Wm Thompson, Jr,	Lemont
Curtin	Wm Robb,	Howard
Ferguson, O P	Cyrus Goss	Pine Gr've Mills
do N P	A M Clawson,	Rock Springs
Gregg, O P	R H Duncan,	Spring Mills
do N P	Emanuel Smith,	Spring Mills
Haines	M M Musser	Aaronsburg
Halfmoon	J P R Gray	Stormstown
Harris	Wm McFarlane,	Boalsburg
Howard	Wm I Leathers	Mt Eagle
Huston	Jno C Henderson	Julian
Liberty	Daniel B Kunes	Eagleville
Marion	Capt S H Bennison,	Walker
Miles	Simon Spangler,	Rebersburg
Patton	S T Gray	Buffalo Run
Penn	David Kimport	Millheim
Potter, O P	B D Brisbin	Centre Hall
do N P	W J Thompson,	Potters Mills
Rush	Jno A Mull	Philipsburg
Snow Shoe	Dr J P Glenn	Snow Shoe
Spring	Capt A Mullen	Bellefonte
Taylor	John T Fowler	Fowler
Union	B W Shipley	Fleming
Walker	J C Zimmerman,	Hublersb'g
Worth	Thos Weston	Port Matilda

D. H. HASTINGS, Chairman.
WILBUR F. REEDER, } Secretaries.
J. I. HAGERMAN, }
JOHN P. HARRIS, Treasurer.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

Socialistic Demonstration.

NEW YORK, April 30.—Superintendent of Police Walling had eight hundred policemen on hand early this morning to prevent any attempt of the socialistic organizations to parade from the Germania assembly rooms to the Williamsburgh ferry to celebrate the laying of the corner stone of the Frœbel's monument at Williamsburgh. One hundred men were stationed at the ferry and the men at the rooms refused admittance to all. At 9 30 a. m. the superintendent received a delegation from the socialists, who stated that they had abandoned the idea of parading but asked permission for a funeral procession to be formed about 1 o'clock at the assembly rooms to proceed to Williamsburgh. As by law six hours' notice is required the request was refused. The superintendent also believing it a subterfuge he sent a platoon of men to guard the undertaking establishment where the remains lay. At 1 o'clock a large crowd gathered in front of the rooms, but were not disorderly, and finally proceeded in small parties to the ferry. The police were called in at 2 o'clock, there having been no disturbance, though the authorities were freely censured. A secret meeting was also held at Lincoln hall, at which addresses were delivered by prominent socialists.

Lancaster County Politics.

PHILADELPHIA, April 30.—A special to the *Times* from Lancaster says that all of the districts for the fourteenth senatorial district are in except six, and Stehman leads Kauffman 453. The remaining districts will increase the majority for Stehman to about 600. A. Herr Smith was renominated for congress by a large majority. George W. Carmeny is unanimously chosen for assembly in the city. In the southern district Landis is nominated and Brosius who ran on the ticket with him. In the northern district A. W. Snader is certainly renominated, and probably ex-assemblyman G. M. Eberly, and the contest is close between Courtney and Stehman, Baugh and Hoover. For recorder the friends of Benjamin Longenecker appear to be confident of his nomination. The delegation to the State convention is divided on Bowen, Beaver and Butler.

Dr. Lamson's Confession.

LONDON, April 30.—Sir William Harcourt, the home secretary, announces that Dr. Lamson before his execution confessed his guilt to the chaplain and acknowledged the justice of his sentence.

Emerson Expires.

BOSTON, April 27.—Though Mr. Emerson was perceptibly worse this morning and his symptoms not of a reassuring character his death was not expected so soon by those in attendance. About noon the patient exhibited signs of restlessness and began to suffer severe pains. Soon thereafter he became delirious. Dr. Emerson immediately administered ether, under the influence of which he was kept until his death. At about 9 15 this evening Dr. Emerson came down from the sick room to the apartment where a number of the friends of the family were seated and stated that during the afternoon Mr. Emerson's pulse had been reduced from 140 to 120; that he thought the crisis in the disease had been reached and would be passed favorably. The doctor then went up stairs and returned almost immediately with the announcement of his death, which was not caused by exhaustion but by acute pneumonia, the tubes suddenly filling up and choking him. His wife, Dr. Emerson and an unmarried daughter, Ellen, were at his bedside when he died.

BOSTON, April 27.—Ralph Waldo Emerson died at 9 o'clock this morning.

[Ralph Waldo Emerson, the celebrated American poet, essayist and philosopher, was born in Boston in 1803 and graduated at Harvard college in 1821. Having turned his attention to theology he was ordained minister of the Second Unitarian church of Boston, but soon after formed peculiar views in regard to forms of worship, abandoned his profession and retiring to the quiet village of Concord, devoted himself to his favorite study—the nature of man and his relation to the universe. In 1838 Mr. Emerson published Literary Ethics, an Oration, and in the following year Nature, an Essay. In 1841 he published The Method of Nature, Man, the Reformer, several lectures and the first series of his Essays, the second series of which did not appear until 1844. In 1846 he published a volume of poems.

Two years later he traveled in England where he delivered lectures on the Mind and Manners of the Nineteenth Century, and in 1849 delivered the series entitled Representative Men. In connection with Mr. W. H Channing, he published, in 1852, the Memoir of Margaret Fuller, Marchioness d' Ossoli. English Traits and the Conduct of Life were both published in 1860. Mr. Emerson delivered at Concord, in 1861, an oration on the death of President Lincoln and in 1866 received the degree of L. L. D. from Harvard college. Much of his literary work has been done in contributing to periodicals. His last article of this character appeared in the Century Magazine for March the subject being the 'Superlative.' Some of Emerson's works have been translated into French and have excited much admiration among Parisian transcendentalists. He was unquestionably the most eminent modern philosopher of the Pantheistic school and one of the most remarkable personifications of American genius.

Lynch-Chalmers.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—For the first time in three years the voice of a colored man was heard on the floor of the house. Lynch, the contestant for Chalmer's seat, spoke on behalf of his claim. He is a light mulatto with a heavy mustache, of easy and graceful manners, and a fine speaker. When he began he was loudly applauded by the colored men in the galleries, and also by the Republicans on the floor. Members quickly came in from the cloak rooms and the seats were generally filled, the house paying close attention. As Lynch proceeded, it was evident that he was a man of no ordinary powers as a political speaker. He drew a picture of the political situation at the south. He declared that race prejudice had about died out, and that the real intolerance was not of color, but of opposition to interference of political connection. What the south needed was the breaking down of the spirit of political proscription.

At the conclusion of Lynch's speech, Chalmers made a strong argument in support of his claim to the seat, and the matter then went over until to-morrow. A message from the President, respecting the troubles in Arizona, was referred to the committee on military affairs. Adjourned.

The Star Route Cases.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—The only witness examined in the star route cases to-day was P. H. Woodward, an inspector of the post office department, who corroborated the evidence given by James and MacVeagh yesterday. He said in the interview at the Arlington, that Rerdell had spoken of two very bad routes in Tennessee and one in Colorado. The inspectors afterward found that upon this latter route—from Quray to Los Pinos—no service had been performed for nearly two years. The investigation of the inspectors confirmed Rerdell's statement, he believed. He had been told by Rerdell that about 1,500 or 2,000 shares of mining stock had been given by Dorsey to Turner for what he called official services.

Divorce.

ST. LOUIS, April 27.—A special from Fayette, Howard county, says: The divorce suit of General John B. Clark, Jr., member of congress for the Eleventh district, against his wife, was to-day decided in his favor, and a divorce was granted on the ground of incompatibility of temper.

Belmont Writes a Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 28.—Representative Belmont has sent the following letter to Chairman Williams of the foreign affairs committee: "In the examination of yesterday and days immediately preceding provocation so gross and persistent was offered to me by the witness testifying before the committee that I was led to use language which, although unparliamentary, did properly describe his conduct and my appreciation of his character. The witness, under examination had seen fit to criticize questions addressed by me on a former occasion to another question. First, because quotation marks appeared in the printed record of such questions, the responsibility for which I disavowed, calling attention at the same time to the fact that I was quoting from these dispatches, and secondly because of the interpretation placed by me on those dispatches. This was partly a matter for argument and the witness had every opportunity to present and explain his construction of the dispatches signed by him. He chose rather to insist upon a change of my opinion respecting the meaning of the dispatches, and when I declined to make the change, my belief being positive and well founded, he thought it proper on a public occasion to use language personally offensive.

"It was my desire and purpose yesterday to put an end to any further continuance of those personalities before the committee and I therefore referred to a less public treatment thereof by myself. Having been surprised by it to making a reply in the presence of the committee of a character such as seems to my deliberate judgment would have been under other circumstances entirely proper, and which expressed my opinion perfectly, nothing further in the nature of a private or personal notice of the witness is required of me. These unparliamentary personalities should have no place on the records of the committee and I cheerfully leave the method of dealing with them to the direction of your body."

Lamson Executed.

LONDON, April 28.—Dr. Lamson was hanged at 9 o'clock this morning. Only three reporters were present at the hanging. The procession entered the yard of the prison at 8:55 when the prison bell was tolling the death knell. The chaplain headed the procession. He was followed by two prison officials with their wands. The prisoner, who, until the time of starting, had been calm and composed, looked awfully pale, dejected and was very nervous. He was supported by the wardens on either side, and was with difficulty able to descend the steps to the yard. He was met by Marwood, the executioner at the foot of the steps. The prisoner was bare headed. The operation of pinioning him seemed interminable. He submitted without a word, and he hardly seemed to appreciate what was going on. From the steps there was a distance of about sixty yards to traverse to the gallows. Lamson was supported with difficulty from this point to the scaffold. He swayed backward and forward and stared wildly around him when placed under the noose. The chaplain, who appeared much affected, then began a portion of the burial service. Lamson, in the meanwhile, was supported by two jailers. Just before the cap was adjusted he cast down his eyes with a look of extreme despair. Death was instantaneous. The drop was nine feet. The chaplain remained by the gallows repeating the Lord's prayer. The body remained hanging one hour.

A Steamboat Explodes.

KINGVILLE, S. C., April 28.—The steamer Marion, with a picnic party on board, exploded one of her boilers to day. Miss Minnie Henry was instantly killed; Misses Mattie and Nannie Henry are missing and are supposed to have been drowned. Miss Lizzie Henry was badly hurt and is not expected to live; J C. Eason was badly hurt and is not expected to recover; William Trimble was badly scalded, Miss Minnie Bates had an arm broken and sustained other serious injuries; Orville Stiles is missing and is supposed to have been drowned. Tom Richardson, colored, one of the crew was drowned; John Williams, another of the crew, was badly hurt.

Anti-Chinese Convention.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 28.—The anti-Chinese convention last night adopted a plan of action which includes a scheme to divide the Pacific coast into districts, which shall be notified to remove the Chinese within a specified time, failing in such action the district to be proclaimed dangerous, peaceably disposed citizens warned to abandon it, and if the Chinese were still harbored in the district the league to remove them by force, using as little force as necessary, until the country is rid of them. The convention then elected an executive committee and adjourned sine die.

Three Negroes Hanged.

CHARLESTON, S.C., April 28.—Pleasant Adams, Joe Bunton and Richard Bates, all colored, were hanged at Greenville to day for burning the Academy of Music, at that place, on December 7, 1879. Two other colored men, named Maddox and Dobsan, were arrested with them and confessed the crime, their confession being sustained by circumstantial evidence. Each of them declared his innocence.

Funeral of Ralph Waldo Emerson.

CONCORD, Mass., April 30.—The last rites over the remains of Ralph Waldo Emerson took place this afternoon. A special train from Boston carried a large number of people. Many persons were on the streets, attracted by the services, but were unable to gain admission to the church where the public ceremonies were held. Almost everywhere the public buildings bore over the entrance doors a large black and white rosette, with other sombre draperies. The public buildings were heavily draped and even the very poor bore outward marks of grief at the loss of the friend and fellow townsman. The services at the house, which were strictly private, occurred at 2 30 and were conducted by Rev. W. H. Furness, of Philadelphia. They were simple in character and only Mr. Furness took part. The body lay in the front northeast room, in which the family and near friends were gathered. The only flowers were contained in three vases on the mantel and were lilies of the valley, red and white roses and arbutes. The adjoining room and hall were filled with friends and neighbors. The public services were held in the Unitarian church, where all the space except the reserved was packed when the procession arrived. The decorations were very simple and among them were many floral tributes. The coffin, which was of plain black, was brought in. The lid was turned back and upon it was a cluster of richly colored pansies and a bouquet of roses. An hour was occupied by friends in taking a last look at the dead poet, after which the procession took its way to the cemetery. A border of hemlock spray surrounded the grave and completely lined its sides. The services here were very brief and the casket was soon lowered to its final resting place.

Republicans.

PHILADELPHIA, April 30.—The conference of regular and independent republicans called, as a result of the recent Mitchell conference, with a view of healing the differences existing in the state organization, met on Saturday evening in the Continental hotel, and, after an informal discussion lasting until midnight, adjourned to meet again at 3 o'clock to-morrow afternoon. The five regulars, under the chairmanship of Matthew S. Quay, presented a series of resolutions or propositions, and the five independents, led by Charles S. Wolfe, submitted a declaration of principles. Neither document was acted on, and the conference adjourned without agreeing on the recommendation to the state convention that promises to be the result of its deliberations. The spirit of the entire discussion breathed of toleration and mutual fair treatment. Senator Cameron was not in town to attend the meeting and Senator Mitchell only appeared before the conferees long enough to tell them that as his senatorial colleague was absent he would also remain away, and, beside, he did not think his presence would benefit the purpose they desired to attain.

A South American War Cloud.

LONDON, April 30.—A dispatch from Buenos Ayres dated April 5 says: 'Advices from Monteveido are to the effect that in consequence of the maltreatment of Brazilians in Uruguay, Brazil is concentrating troops on the frontier and has dispatched an envoy to Monteveido to demand redress. It is reported that Uruguay is raising men to protect the frontier and is taking measures to fortify Monteveido.'

Expedition.

LONDON, April 30.—Sir Allen Young has chartered the steamer Hope, of Peterhead, to search for the Ceigh Smith's Arctic expedition. The Hope is of three hundred tons burthen and seven hundred horse power. The steamer will proceed to the Thames for the purpose of refitting. It is expected that Captain Markham will command her.

Congressman Wise.

GREENSBURG, Pa., April 30.—Morgan R. Wise has written a letter saying that he will not announce himself in Westmoreland county as a candidate for congress in the twenty-first district. The present indications are that Frank Cowan will have a majority over Boyle, though the contest will be close.

Fire at Waynesboro.

HARRISBURG, April 30.—The Geiser manufacturing company's large iron works at Waynesboro, Franklin county, were entirely destroyed by fire Saturday evening. The fire was caused by the explosion of a boiler. Loss, $50,000; insurance, $40,000.

Wild Parsnips.

LEHIGHTON, Pa., April 30.—Two brothers named Bennett and a boy named Stocker were poisoned by eating wild parsnips. One of the Bennett boys died in great agony and the other is not expected to recover. Stocker will probably recover.

Queen Victoria.

DONCASTER, April 30.—A London detective and the chief of the local constabulary yesterday arrested a railway employe named Albert Young, for writing letters threatening the life of the queen and Prince Leopold. He is apparently crazy.

Nominated.

NASHVILLE, April 27.—The republican state convention to-day nominated Governor Aloin Hawkins by acclamation.

Hanged to a Bridge.

LAKE CITY, Col., April 27.—At one o'clock this morning one hundred masked men overpowered the guard and took from the jail Geo. Betts and Jim Brown, who shot and killed Sheriff Campbell yesterday morning while attempting to arrest them. The mob then hung the two men from the bridge. Both men died game, Betts asking for a chew of tobacco just before the rope was placed around his neck.

A Decision.

NEW YORK, April 28.—In the superior court to-day Mrs. Verina M. Chapman recovered a verdict of $21,049 73 against the Phœnix national bank of this city, the value of bonds and stock of the bank confiscated during the war, on the ground that she was friendly to the rebels.

A Cadet's Death.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., April 27.—While Cadet Lawrence Wedderbourn, of Alexandria, was exercising on the rings in the gymnasium he fell, and striking his right temple, received injuries from which he died at 6 o'clock.

To be Hanged.

LONDON, April 27.—Dr. Lamson will be hanged at 9 o'clock to-mormor morning. Marewood will be executioner. Dr. Lamson had a farewell interview with some relatives this afternoon.

Thieves Foiled

ST. LOUIS, April 26.—John Dear, a young boy in charge of the Chicago and Alton telegraph office at Centralia, Mo., was chloroformed and tied last night about 11 o'clock by two unknown men. They put out the lights and were obliged to leave without any booty.

Galeyville Burned.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 26.—A dispatch from Lordsburg says the burning of Galeyville reported yesterday has been confirmed. The number of killed, however, is reduced from thirty five to thirty.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

We do not know that the Methodist congregation of this place are more inclined to sleep during services than any of the other worshiping bodies, but we are informed that Rev. J. H. McGarrah, presiding elder, who who preached to them Sunday, reminded them very emphatically of the fact that they sleep entirely too much at such times. We, however, do not recognise any objection to persons sleeping in church if they do not snore and disturb others. If the body is weary, they can, in all probability, derive as much spiritual refreshment by a sound sleep as by remaining awake.

—Groceries in immense quantity and superior quality at Sechler's store.

—Ore deposits of wonderful richness have recently been found on the lands of Mr. C. H. Struble, near the State College. Severe tests have proved the ore to be of the best quality and unlimited it quantity. Mr. Struble has seventeen ore wagons on the road and expects to increase this number soon. He is one of the most enterprising men in the county, and although he has met with a few heavy losses within the past year, yet he is succeeding admirably against these obstacles with the hope of ultimate success.

—If you would enjoy a good smoke buy your cigars of Harry Green.

—Our readers will notice by an advertisement in another column of this issue that the beautiful and commodious mansion on Allegheny street, late the residence of Mrs. N. M Reed, deceased, is offered for rent by Mr. James Milliken, trustee. The residence is surrounded by a large lawn, filled with luxuriant shade trees and shrubbery, and will make a comfortable home for any person who may be so fortunate as to secure it. Terms are reasonable and possession given immediately.

—"Where are you going, my pretty maid?" "To buy some groceries, sir," she said, "from Sechler & Co., who keep the best, and always stand the severest test."

—Two aged residents of this county have recently passed away from earth whose deaths we have not heretofore noted. Mrs. Catharine Young, aged 83 years, died at her home in Ferguson township on the 22nd inst. She was a devout member of the Lutheran church. Mrs. Krumrine, a resident of the same township, died on Sunday, the 23d inst. She was the widow the late Frederick Krumrine and a sister of our townsman, John Wagner. She was 73 years of age.

—Prof. A. Girard, a music teacher of Milesburg, is not only an excellent and accomplished musician, but also a pleasant gentleman. He plays a beautiful original production, entitled "Beaver's March," which he intends to have copyrighted. It will furnish inspiring music for the General's campaign.

—A girl from Pennsvalley was the heroine of a frightful adventure while in Lock Haven on Friday. She went there to see Forepaugh's show. Unconsciously she leaned in a graceful posture against a cage containing huge grizzly bears. One of the ferocious animals extended its paw through the bars of the cage and encircled her form, hugging her with all its strength, causing a shriek of horror to ascend from the frightened spectators. A keeper was rushing hastily forward to goad the animal back into the cage, when a beautiful smile overspread the girl's features, and in rapturous tones she said, "Hug tighter, love." The darling girl, in a fit of abstraction, thought she was only enjoying an evening with her beau. The bear soon became discouraged and retired to the furthest corner of its cage, and the girl came up to Bellefonte next morning. Before going to her home in Pennsvalley, however, she stepped into Sechler's grocery store, in the Bush House block, and bought $10 worth of groceries, also visiting the meat market connected with the same establishment for twelve pounds of beef. The innocent maiden has not yet discovered her mistake about the hugging, and perhaps will not until she reads this notice. But she advises all people who want good groceries and meat to patronize Sechler & Co.'s store, and we agree with her.

—It is the unanimous opinion of persons residing along the line of the railroad that the engineer who manipulates Batcheller and Doris' circus engine deserves high commendation for the manner in which he brought the long line of cars into this place Monday morning. The train arrived at an hour when nearly everybody was asleep and it drew in so quietly as to awaken very few persons from their quiet slumbers. It is the usual custom of these engineers, when a circus arrives at night, to make all the noise within their power, but in this case it was quite different.

Excitement in Bellefonte.

The excitement in Bellefonte since the opening of the Great Boston Clothing House in that town is fearful. People from every part and direction are now rushing into Bellefonte to supply themselves with clothing, boots and ladies' shoes. Never since the existence of Centre county have clothing, boots and shoes been bought so extremely cheap as it is offered at that concern. The stock is the largest and most elegant ever seen in this section, made up exclusively at their warehouse in Boston for this market, and which for quality, durability and style, surpasses any custom made clothing made up by country tailors. Most every body can be suited and fitted, from a child of three years to the largest sized man, and no customer need leave the Boston Clothing, Boot and Shoe House without buying, unless he is hoggish. Remember the place, Reynolds' block, opposite Brockerhoff House, Bellefonte, Pa. 17-2t

Two considerations: "What a change," exclaims the novelist. Roe, "one woman can make in a man's life!" Exactly; and what a heap of "change" she requires while doing it.

Consumption.

To prevent night sweats, to ease the cough and arrest emaciation and decline, no other form of malt or medicine can possibly equal MALT BITTERS. This original nutrient and tonic is rich in nourishment and strength. It tides the patient over the most critical stages of the disease, digests and assimilates food, enriches and purifies the blood. It builds up the system by stimulating into new life the entire process of digestion.

A gentleman, whose vocabulary was mixed, wished to praise a certain lady reader. "Yes," said he, "besides being a very fine elocutionist, she has a great deal of ejaculations."

An invaluable strengthener for the nerves, muscles and digestive organs, producing strength and appetite, is Brown's Iron Bitters.

I was reduced to the verge of the grave with Leucorrhœa, Uterine Catarrh and Amenorhœa. PERUNA cured. Mrs. A. W. Jackson, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Warner's Safe Kidney & Liver Cure.

'Do you pretend to have as good a judgment as I have?' exclaimed an enraged wife to her husband. 'Well, no,' he replied slowly, 'our choice of partners for life shows that my judgment is not to be compared with yours.'

It is the height of folly to wait until you are in bed with disease that may last months, when you can be cured by a timely use of Parker's Ginger Tonic. We have known sickly families made the healthiest by it. —*Observer.*

The New York *Herald* has come to the conclusion that 'nothing makes so much noise as a rickety wagon with nothing in it, unless it be a man who insists on talking when he as nothing to say.

A Long Snooze.

Rip Van Winkle slept a good while, yet had his sleep occurred about 50 years ago, when Downs' Elixir first attained its reputation, on awaking he would have been able to recognize this friend of the afflicted, and might have taken another twenty years nap, and waked up to find Downs' Elixir at the end of half a century the most popular and the best Cough Remedy known. Also Baxter's Bitters for Bilious diseases, not so old, but good

Court Proceedings.—Continued.

FRIDAY.

Court closed at 3 p. m. yesterday. In the case of Commonwealth vs. Henry Powers, the jury returned a verdict of not guilty and prosecutor, William Wetmer, to pay costs.

The only case remaining for trial on this week's list was the case of James S. Cross vs. the Cannegie Bros., which, when reached for trial and jury sworn, the parties settled. The Grand Jury, in finishing up their business, as a final effort returned eighteen true bills against D. G. Ganoe, four for false pretense and fourteen for forgery.

The following true bills were also returned yesterday: Against George Hughes, larceny. Defendant plead guilty, but not yet sentenced. Baker Kreps, malicious mischief, true bill was found and a *nolle pros.* was entered. Against Abe Baum, assault and battery—ignored, prosecutor, G. D. Peifer, to pay costs. Against James Stine, for perjury, ignored, prosecutor, Isaac Myers, to pay costs. Against Sam'l Delige, furnishing liquor to men of known intemperate habits, bill ignored, prosecutor, John A. Wagner, to pay costs.

LICENSES GRANTED.

In Bellefonte as follows: W. R. Teller, C. G. McMillan, F. H. Lehman and Daniel Garman, tavern licenses; Fred Smith, John Anderson and Fred Rollin, saloon licenses.

Philipsburg, Robert Lloyd, C. A. Faulkner, G. E. Parker, John Ramsdale, James M. Passmore and Jeffrey Hayes, tavern licences.

Snow Shoe, E. A. Nolan, and John G. Uzzle, tavern; George D. Garmo, saloon.

Potter, D. G. Meyer, John H. Olenkirk and D. H. Ruhl, tavern.

Gregg, George B. Nash and George Miller, tavern.

Walker, Henry Robb.

Miles, Emanuel Brown, tavern.

Ferguson, James Livingstone, tavern.

Boggs, Alois Kohlbecker, tavern.

Penn, Joseph Keckner, tavern.

Haines, H. G. Shaffer, tavern.

Howard, Jacob Cook, tavern.

LICENSES REFUSED

Snow Shoe, Samuel Boyer and Thomas Haly, saloon.

Millheim, W. S. Musser and Jonathan Kramer, tavern, and J. W. Snook, wholesale

Marion, J. Kling, tavern.

Philipsburg, Thomas Pearson, F. J. Meyer and Terrance McLean.

REPORT OF GRAND JURY.

To the Honorable the Judges of the Court of Centre County:

We, the Grand Jury for the April term of court, A. D., 1882, would respectfully report that after an examination of the public buildings, consisting of the court house and jail, unanimously recommend that a new matting be procured for the court room, the old matting being in a worn out condition; also that a counter is needed in the prothonotary's office, a new desk in the register's office, and one in the treasurer's office, the treasurer being greatly inconvenienced by the lid he now uses for a desk. The ground around the Court House seems to be in good condition. The out buildings should be looked after and cleaned. The jail was found in a clean condition. The water pipes and fixtures should receive a close and thorough examination, leaks being found in several places. A grate for the register in prison hall is needed and should be put in at once.

GEORGE DALE, Foreman.

—A monster locomotive, which was built at the Altoona shops of the Pennsylvania Railroad, made her initial trip Wednesday from Broad street, Philadelphia, to West Chester, in charge of the veteran engineer, Andrew Chambers. The engine weighs 120,400 pounds. The driving wheels are five feet and the truck wheels thirty-three inches in diameter. The engine is known as a "double ender," and is the largest locomotive in the world. On her trip from Altoona to Philadelphia she made a mile in fifty-nine seconds. The next time this engine comes in this direction it will draw an immense freight train containing a large stock of groceries for the firm of Sechler & Co., of this place. This celebrated firm sell groceries so rapidly that it is impossible to keep their stock replenished by the ordinary means. The reason they are so prosperous is because they sell nothing but the best. It is impossible for the most careful housewife to cook with skill and ease without the proper ingredients to put into her compounds. Everything that is necessary can be procured at Sechler's store.

—It is with pleasure that we call the attention of our readers to the eating room of Mr. John Anderson. The many frequenters of that place well know the elegant manner in which it has recently been fitted up All who patronize "John Anderson my Joe John" may be sure of an appetizing lunch prepared and served in the best style. Hungry and thirsty people at court will please make a note of this.

—All the pleasures of Bellefonte have not been experienced until you have smoked one of Harry Green's superb cigars.

—Six cars per day is the average at the car works now. This is better than ever before, and is "makimg haste slowly" toward the desired one hundred per day.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

NEW MUSIC.—We have just received two of the very latest musical publications from S. Brainard's Sons, Cleveland, O., "Kiss the little ones good night," song and chorus, by J. W. Wheeler. This is an exquisite piece of music both as regards the melody and the sweet and tender words of the verses, and will no doubt become a favorite with all lovers of the beautiful in music. The piece is dedicated to Jack S. Haverly, and has a beautiful title page—that of a loving father, surrounded by three dimpled white-robed children. The second piece is written by Chas. Warren, entitled, "We see the little faces no more." This is a beautiful song and chorus, with words of a sweet pathetic nature, which taken with the beautiful melody, lingers on the heart of the hearer. This sheet of music has a handsome lithograph title page. Either of these songs can be had for 40 cts. Address, Brainard's Sons, Chicago, Ill., or Cleveland, Ohio.

The 10th annual meeting of the Milesburg Building and Loan Association will be held on Saturday evening, May 6th, at 8 o'clock.

CHAS. F. COOK, Sec'y.

I had Chronic Rheumatism for one year; had been given up to die by two physicians. Peruna cured me. Wm. Curtz, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Don't forget that Sines' Syrup of Tar, Wild Cherry and Hoarhound takes all the prizes for curing coughs and colds if you have been unfortunate and contracted one during this wet weather.

Headache cured for 25 cents by Dr. Mettaur's Headache and Dyspepsia Pills.

CAPT. EDWIN CORSON, of Woodbury, N. J., says: "After spending many sleepless nights, accompanied with cold, clammy sweats, arising from a generally deranged system, took one bottle of Swedish Bitters and was cured, where a physician's skill even failed to give relief."

—Spring and Summer Season, 1882. Woolen stock now complete. Early orders solicited. MONTGOMERY & Co., 5tf Tailors

Now is the time to buy in what stock of dress goods, clothing, boots and shoes, etc, you need for this coming year, as Lyon Co. are closing out their stock at cost. The goods must be sold and prices will be slaughtered.

Frank Blair has just opened another fine lot of solid silver ware, from the Gorham Co., which are put up in handsome satin cases. These goods, in connection with his stock of superior silver plated ware, where the finest display of silver ware ever exhibited in town. As he is the agent for the Gorham Co., he sells at the factory retail prices. d-w-t-f.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, *free of charge.* This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph Inman, Station D., New York City 14 1 26t

NEW BLOOMFIELD, MISS., Jan. 2,'80.

I wish to say to you that I have been suffering for the last five years with a severe itching all over. I have heard of Hop Bitters and have tried it. I have used up four bottles, and it has done me more good than all the doctors and medicines that they could use on or with me. I am old and poor, but feel to bless you for such a relief by your medicine and from torment of the doctors. I have had fifteen doctors at me. One gave me seven ounces of solution of arsenic; another took four quarts of blood from me. All they could tell was that it was skin sickness. Now, after these four bottles of your medicine, my skin is well, clean and smooth as ever.

HENRY KNOCHE.

Tested and Found Worthy.

In order to bring more fully before the notice of the people the value of a true and tried remedy, we hereby give the following reliable testimonial from one of the many who have been cured and whose reputation for veracity cannot be questioned.

WOODBURY, N. J., March 20, '82.

SWEDISH BITTERS CO.—

Gentlemen: I have suffered with dyspepsia and its horrible effects for many years. Have spent hundreds of dollars with physicians and in patent medicines, with no avail. I have been unable to eat meats of any kind, and could not retain water on my stomach, and could not sleep at nights. I was induced to procure and try a bottle of your Swedish Bitters, and can conscientiously say its use was followed by beneficial results. I can now sit down and enjoy a hearty meal of meats and vegetables of any kind, and have gained sixteen pounds in three weeks, and can cordially recommend it to others. Yours respectfully,

AUGUSTUS PREHL,

Proprietor of Woodbury City Coach Line, Prehl's Livery and Accommodation Stables. 15-4t

From the Rev. J. R. Hastings, a well known minister of Chicago:

Twelve years ago I became afflicted with bleeding piles, and to such an extent, that it rendered me incapable of performing my daily labors. I called my family physician, and, after a few visits, he pronounced my case incurable. I then concluded to try Dr. De la Mont, who, for many years has made the treatment of piles a specialty. He treated me some five weeks; did everything in his power to effect a cure, and finally gave me up in despair. On the 27th of June John L. Carson called to see me, and with him he brought two bottles of Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy, and told me to try it as he knew it to be an article that had performed some marvelous cures. I tried it, and by the middle of August I once more considered myself free from piles. I cannot express my gratitude for this great medicine, and to the Dr. Bosanko Medicine Company, I am ever under many obligations.

REV. J. R. HASTINGS.

September 24, 1879.

Miss Isabella Hill, Allegheny City, Pa., had Chronic Catarrh; is well now from the use of Peruna.

A mad dog is a pronounced instance of cur-age.

Clear head and voice, easy breathing, sweet breath, perfect smell, taste and hearing, no cough, no distress. These are conditions brought about in catarrh by the use of Sanford's Radical cure. Complete treatment for $1.

Large checks will be indispensable at summer hotels.

An enricher of the blood and purifier of the system; cures lassitude and lack of energy; such is Brown's Iron Bitters.

"Well," said an Irish attorney, "If it plaze the coort, if I am wrong in this, I have another point that is equally conclusive."

Headache, all Bilious Disorders, Dyspepsia and Constipation cured by Dr. Mettaur's Headache and Dyspepsia Pills. Price 25 cents.

A youthful poet, who went into a newspaper office one day last week, with an "Ode to a Blue Bird," came out interested chiefly in what he owed to a black eye.

Women everywhere use Parker's Ginger Tonic, because they have learned by experience that it overcomes despondency, indigestion, weakness in the back and kidneys, and other troubles of the sex.—*Home Journal.*

Jack aged four, taking a walk—"what becomes of people when they die?" Mamma—"They turn to dust, dear." Jack—"What a lot of people there must be on this road, then."

Terrible itching and scaly humors, ulcers, sores, and scrofulous swellings cured by the Cuticura and Cuticura Soap (the great skin cures) externally, and Cuticura Resolvent (blood purifier) internally. Ask about them at your druggists.

"Seats for shop girls," certainly. A great many of our nice young men understand the art of so adjusting their knees that an excellent seat for shop girls is the result.

Sensible Advice.

Do not allow skepticism to overrule your better judgment when an article of true merit is placed before you. If you are dyspeptic or your kidneys and liver are affected, delay no longer; procure a bottle of Swedish Bitters, the infallible remedy. It will do more for your case than we can say about it. See advertisement and testimonial in this paper. 15 4t

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED.

The large Double House on Allegheny street, late the residence of Mrs. N. M. Reed, deceased, for rent, unfurnished, together with the grounds, out-houses, stabling, etc. Immediate possession given. Apply to

JAMES MILLKEN, Trustee,

Bellefonte, Pa., April 28, 1882. a28d3t&1w

GREAT

CAR WORKS AUCTION SALE,

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, MAY 17th, 1882,

—AT—

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Ask Miller Tiffin, Bellefonte, Pa., for descriptive catalogue. 14-18-2t

CORK SHAVINGS,

FOR MATTRESSES.

This article has no equal for cheapness and durability. Parties desiring to change their bedding, would do well to give it a trial. Price, 6 cents per lb. Sacks, 50 cents each. 40 lb will fill a large mattress. For sale by

ARMSTRONG BRO & CO.,

Cor. 24th & Railroad Sts., Pittsburg, Pa. 14-18-4t

LIVE MEN WANTED

To canvass for sales of Nursery Stock in their own and near counties. Previous experience unnecessary. Address

GLEN BROTHERS,

14 18-4t Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y.

PASTURE FOR STOCK!

Horses, Cattle and Sheep

TAKEN TO PASTURE.

LARGE RANGE,

PLENTY OF WATER.

GOOD CARE TAKEN OF THEM

—AT—

Reasonable Rates.

Call on or address

JOHN T. FOWLER,

Fowler, Centre Co., Pa.

New Advertisements.

THE GREAT

BEE HIVE

ONE PRICE STORES,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Spring and Summer, 1882.

Grand Display of an Entire New Stock of Goods at Prices that defy competition.

There having been such an unsettled feeling among Importers and Manufacturers of late, we have been especially exacting in the purchase of our NEW STOCK.

Having been connected with a large wholesale business for many years in New York gives us an advantage over many others in the purchase of goods.

Having watched with an eagle eye every opportunity, and whenever a concession has been offered, we have taken advantage of it and pitched in.

By marking every article in plain figures and at uniform percentage above cost, our customers always derive the benefit of every bargain that we obtain.

Every Department is now Complete.

DRESS GOODS,

PRINTS,

SILKS, AND

DOMESTICS.

Hosiery, Notions and Trimmings, Linens, White Goods and Laces, Worsted and Embroideries, Shoes, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings,

Gents Furnishing Goods,

AND

MERCHANT TAILORING.

Permit us to offer thanks to our many patrons for the confidence manifested by them in our mode of doing business.

By sticking to the *one price* and no misrepresentation plan of offering our goods to the public, we hope to merit an increased continuance of their patronage.

Very Respectfully Yours,

GOLDSMITH & BRO.

New York Office, 97 Franklin St.

Isaac Guggenheimer—Carpets.

CARPETS

CARPETS.

Fine Carpetings in special designs. Rich and rare collections. A grand display. We have the patterns you want, nearly all new. They are pronounced the finest stock ever seen in Bellefonte. We can and do sell goods the cheapest, and this is well known to every carpet consumer in this section of country.

ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER,

HIGH STREET, BELLEFONTE.

Isaac Guggenheimer—Dry Goods and Clothing.

FOUR STORES IN ONE!

Clothing Department.

We have just remodeled our Clothing Room, which is at present one of the nicest and best fitted up clothing stores in town. We have at present one of the largest, the best and finest stock of Ready Made Clothing ever brought to Bellefonte, and can fit any one, young or old, with prices to suit everybody, rich or poor.

Dry Goods Department.

The Dry Goods Department is, as usual filled with an immense stock, most of which will have to be closed out between this time and spring, therefore will be offered at greatly reduced prices.

Leather Department.

In our Leather Store you will always find the very best stock of all kinds of Leather. We also carry a full line of

Gents. Furnishing Goods, Trunks, Etc., Etc.

ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER,

HIGH STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.

Valentine & Co.'s Stores.

VALENTINE & CO.'S STORE

Has just received its stock of Spring Goods, embracing

FANCY DRY GOODS—Dress Goods, Black Cashmeres, Broadhead Alpacas, Spring Sackings in many patterns and qualities.

STAPLE DRY GOODS—Dress Ginghams, Seersuckers, Nankeens, New Style in Prints.

WHITE GOODS—Lawns, Piques, Nainsooks—all grades, Table Linen, Napkins, Etc.

HOSIERY—An almost unlimited Variety in Men's, Women's and Children's from the Cheapest to the Nicest Grades of regular made goods.

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS.

WHITE AND COLORED SHIRTS, LINEN COLLARS, LINEN CUFFS, in the Latest Styles A Handsome Assortment of TIES AND SCARFS, SUSPENDERS for all. A complete line and all good. THE SUFFOLK SHOULDER BRACE is displayed in several substantial webbings; this is an excellent Brace to restore rounded shoulders to a natural position.

CLOTHING.—A Complete Line.

The Clothing Line starts with Child and runs clear through BOY'S, YOUTH'S and MEN'S sizes. There is nothing in the stock that will not give satisfactory wear for the money.

Boots, Shoes and Slippers for all Ages and Sizes.

UMBRELLAS—Sun and Rain, in Gingham, Alpaca and Silk.

TRUNKS AND SATCHELS,

Made by Bains, one of the most reliable makers.

OIL CLOTHS AND CARPETS,

In the former all widths, and the latter in Rag, Hemp, Cotton and All Wool, and all wool supers

NOTIONS.

LADIES' GLOVES—BERLIN AND LISLE.

LADIES' LINEN COLLARS, LADIES' FASHIONABLE TIES.

A NICE LINE OF CORSETS AT VARIOUS PRICES.

GROCERIES.

The stock of Groceries is always full and always fresh.

TEAS, COFFEES, SPICES, CANNED GOODS, FARINACIOUS GOODS,

all in the finest grades that can be procured and none in any grades that are not pure and wholesome. Mackerel in Kits of 12 and 15 each. Mackerel in quarters of 40 each. To our fish sales, as well as all others, we extend the absolute garantee that

Everything is as Represented.

A 12 kit of mackerel has 12 fish in it, a 15 kit has 15 fish, &c. It would be well for the buyer to give this fact his attention.

VALENTINE & CO.,

HUMES' BLOCK, BELLEFONTE, PA.

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

THE LATEST NEWS.

Fiendish Red-Skins.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 25.—A Tucson, Arizona, correspondent gives an account of the recent Indian attack at Safford, as follows: Stanislaus Mestus, aged 9 years, has just arrived from Stevens' sheep camp with the following story of the Indian massacre of the 16th instant: 'Before daylight the Indians attacked the camp, while we were all asleep. My father and five other men attempted to get their guns but were too late. The Indians rushed in from all sides and overpowered them before a shot was fired. The work of slaughter then began. An Indian put the muzzle of his gun against the head of one man and fired, blowing his brains against the floor and walls. I saw them kill my mother and two little brothers by beating their brains out with stones. They killed five and tied my father, torturing him most dreadfully. He begged them to spare him, but they only tortured him the more. When they were tired of torturing him one of them split his skull with and ax. An Indian squaw, the wife of one of four friendly Apache sheep herders who worked with us, saved my life by holding me behind her and begging them to spare me. When all the Mexicans were dead the Indians left.' A squaw who arrived with the boys says there were ninety-three warriors in the attacking party. They called themselves Chirahuas, and said they were going straight to the San Carlos agency to kill all of the whites and get more Indians to join them. They also declared they would kill all the inhabitants of this valley. Hostiles frequently declare their whole desire was to kill in retaliation for three Indians executed recently at Fort Grant. Later news from the fort is to the effect that the whole force of about three hundred Indians, including women and children, crossed the Southern Pacific track last night, going south, near Lordsburg. Cavalry are in close pursuit. The outbreak is the most disastrous which has ever occurred in Arizona, not less than forty persons having been killed. To-night a mass meeting was held here. Governor Trittle presided. It was determined to raise a force of volunteers to take the field for two or three months.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—A dispatch has been received here from Colonel Forsyth giving an account of a fight between his command and a body of Chirahuas Indians on the Gila river on the 24th inst., in which he lost four Indian scouts, one private and several wounded. They finally occupied an impregnable position from which it was impossible to dislodge them except with great loss.

Kills His Wife.

WEST CHESTER, Pa., April 25.—Much excitement was caused here to-day by the announcement that J. D. Andrews had killed his wife at their residence near Haysville, in this county. It appears that for several years 'Professor" Andrews, as he is familiarly called, has manifested a tendency to insanity and an attendant was hired to watch him. Last night while Mrs. Andrews was in her sitting room her husband, who had been left unguarded for a moment in an adjoining room, siezed a rolling pin and quietly stealing up behind his wife dealt her a terrible blow on the head. She fell to the floor insensible, while the attendant returning just at this moment secured Andrews and summoned medical aid. There was no hope, however, and Mrs. Andrews died at 4 o'clock this morning without recovering consciousness. She was about 50 years of age. Professor Andrews, who is about 60 years old, accumulated a large fortune by his wonderful skill as a mathematician. He was known as "the lightning calculator," and it is supposed that his peculiar mental exercise was the prime cause of his mind breaking down.

The Georgetown Murderer.

CLEVELAND, Ohio., April 25.—A *Herald* special from Canton states that about sunrise this morning William Stull, the Georgetown murderer, was cornered in some dense woods near New Franklin, fourteen miles southeast of Canton, by the Columbiana county sheriff and a possee of deputies, who had been following him since Sunday. Finding escape impossible he drew his revolver, with which he murdered Mrs. Simms, and fired two shots into his head in quick succession, producing instant death. The excitement is intense in Stark and Columbiana counties.

Fatal Result of a Quarrel.

DANVILLE, Va., April 25.—Dr. John P. Lipscomb, a merchant of this city, was killed here this morning by Sterling Edmunds, of Halifax county, his father-in-law. The difficulty grew out of a family trouble. Lipscomb fired first. Edmunds was acquitted in the mayor's court on the ground of self-defense.

Bedford for Beaver.

BEDFORD, Pa., April 25.—The Republican county convention to-day selected delegates to the State convention and instructed them to support Beaver for Governor.

Politics in Indiana.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., April 26.—The *Evening Gazette* prints an editorial article to-day disclosing the fact that by the alteration of the constitution changing the date of the state election from October to November fifty members of the state senate, the whole number, are to be elected this fall instead of twenty-five, as heretofore. The terms of office of twenty-five of them, however, will not begin to run until the expiration of the terms of their predecessors, which occurs a few days before the November election in 1884. This is deemed important, as a United States senator to succeed Mr. Voorhees is to be elected in the winter of 1884-45, and this unexpected catch in the law precipitates that contest in part this fall. The democrats claim it as an advantage for them.

Down to Work.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—The committee of seven appointed under a resolution of the republican caucus of the house to lay out a programme in relation to the order of business have decided that the tariff commission bill—which will be again taken up as soon as the election case of Lynch vs. Chambers is disposed of—shall be pressed for final action; then the remaining contested election cases, and after them the appropriation bills. An effort will be made to pass the bill for the distribution of the Geneva award and the Bowman bill, or a substitute, to relieve congress from the consideration of private bills, but beyond the legislation indicated the committee have not yet formulated any order of consideration.

Star Route Trial.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—In the Star Route trial to day Wayne McVeagh testified giving the substance of two conversations with Berdell, which were very damaging to Dorsey, Brady and others, and witness said he had no knowledge except hearsay that Berdell had retracted those statements in a subsequent interview. Defense said they were trying to show that Berdell concealed the statements to deceive the government officers. Ex-Postmaster General James followed and also detailed conversation with Berdell at various times, in which he connected Dorsey and Brady with the fraudulent mail lettings. Witness had never asked Berdell for information; that he came to him voluntarily.

Anti-Monopoly Conference.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 26.—About four hundred delegates were present at the anti-monopoly conference held here this afternoon. Among the letters read was one from John Kelly, whose name was received with mingled applause and hisses. The reading of his letter was continued for fifteen minutes when the announcement was made that it would take fully an hour and a half to complete its reading. The further reading was then dispensed with. Speeches were made by several gentlemen and a committee on organization and resolutions was appointed. The convention then took a recess until evening.

Bailey's Brigade.

HARRISBURG, April 26.—State Treasurer Bailey has announced the following appointments: Cashier, A. C. Null, Uniontown, Fayette county; approval clerk, H. C. Greenawalt, Franklin county; counting clerk, John S. Holmes, Pittsburgh; appropriation clerk, John E. Stoot, Chester county; messenger, George A. Cornelius, Philadelphia; watchman E. H. H. Stackpole, Mifflin county; fireman, George A. Smith, Lancaster Of the above named appointees, Greenawalt, Stoot and Stackpole are serving under Treasurer Butler.

The Indian Troubles.

DENVER, Col., April 26.—A special from Santa Fe says: Colonel Forsyth after his battle with Coco's band on Sunday was joined by Captain Chaffee with two companies of cavalry and expects to strike them again to-morrow. He will keep right on and follow the Indians into Mexico. The whole population of the settlement of Galeysville in the Cheracahua mountains, numbering thirty-five, were killed. Twenty persons were killed at Clifton and on the road from Clifton to the Gila river.

A Mining Camp Attacked.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 26.—A Tucson dispatch from the Tombstone *Citizen* says: Indians attacked an American mining camp at Bucuachi Sonora, April 20, killing Messrs Lowery, Ray and Rickeys. Three others made their escape. The Indians carried off all the camp property of value. There are many Americans in the neighboring hills and more murders are expected. The president of Bacuachi, Senor Salogar, has ordered soldiers and volunteers to pursue the Indians and take no prisoners.

The Stalwart Committee.

PHILADELPHIA, April 26.—The committee of stalwarts appointed to confer with a committee of independent republicans on Saturday evening with a view of harmonizing the two factions was completed today by the appointment of ex-Governor Hartranft, Frank W. Comly, Judge Howard J. Reeder, of Northampton county, and Christopher S. Magee, of Pittsburgh.

Prominent Democrat Dead.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., April 25.—Hon. James W. Borden, the most prominent Democrat in the State and judge of the criminal court in this county, died this morning.

Sales.

TREASURER'S SALE OF UNSEATED LANDS FOR TAXES FOR 1880 AND 1881, AND PREVIOUS YEARS.—Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an Act of Assembly, passed to the 12th day of June, A. D. 1815, entitled "An Act to amend an Act, directing the mode of selling unseated lands in Centre county," and the several supplements thereto, there will be exposed at public sale or outcry, the following tracts of unseated lands in said county for the taxes due and unpaid thereon, at the Court House, in the borough of Bellefonte, on Monday, June 12th, A. D., 1882, at one o'clock p. m.

ACRES.	PER.	WARRANTEE NAMES.	TAXES.
		BENNER TOWNSHIP.	
2		John Davis	$ 1 23
50		J D Harris	2 05
50		J J Lingle	2 05
100		Wm Humes (owner)	4 10
50		Charles Shuey (owner)	2 05
		BOGGS TOWNSHIP.	
297	145	D Carscadden	35 73
305	112	John Cochran	27 45
12		Roland Curtin	1 08
143		Ann Deal	12 87
433	163	Wm Gray	38 97
431	137	Martha Godfrey	38 78
433	163	Jonathan Harvey	19 49
433	163	Joseph Higby	39 17
418	40	Wm Hood	37 62
431	40	Moses Hood	19 58
150		Sarah Lane	13 50
433	163	David Lewis	39 17
181		J M Lucas & J P Packer	16 28
300		Frank McCoy	27 00
⅓ of 196		Packer & Lucas	9 85
		BURNSIDE TOWNSHIP.	
415		James Black	6 25
433	163	Robt Brady	6 53
433	163	Wm P Brady	13 25
433	163	John Brady	6 53
433	163	Alexander Bell	26 42
433	153	Wm Bingham	64 97
415		John Boyd	12 70
443	163	John Byers	25 97
433	163	Wm Cook	13 25
433	163	John Cowden	13 25
433	163	Wm Dewart	6 53
433	163	John Dewart	6 53
433	163	Henry Donnelly	6 53
430	163	Sam'l M Fox	13 00
433	163	Robert Gray	6 53
433	163	Wm Gray	6 53
433	163	Thomas Grant	13 25
433	163	Alexander Greaves	13 00
433	163	Chas Goben	6 53
433	163	Thomas Hamilton	13 00
433	153	George Harrison	64 97
433	163	John Housel	13 25
433	153	Pierson Hunt	64 97
433	163	Alexander Hunter	26 42
433	163	John Kidd	6 53
433	163	John Lyon	13 25
433	153	Blair McLanahan	64 97
433	154	Geo McLanahan	64 97
433	153	Polly McLanahan	64 97
433	153	Ann McLanahan	64 97
433	153	Geo Mead	64 97
200		Wm Miller	6 09
433	163	Joseph Morris	13 00
433	153	John Nicholson	64 97
216	83	Jeremiah Parker	6 44
433	153	Andrew Petit	64 97
433	163	Henry Shaffer	13 25
433	163	Sam'l Scott	13 00
415		John Shym	12 47
415		Sarah M Talman	12 47
433	153	Tench Francis	64 97
433	163	James Towers	6 53
415		Joseph J Wallace	5 67
433	163	Joseph Wallace	13 00
415		John Wetzel	12 30
415		Jacob Weidner	50 63
433	163	Bird Wilson	13 00
433	163	Sam'l Young	26 42
433	163	Benjamin Young	13 00
		CURTIN TOWNSHIP.	
434		Robert Ainesley	20 83
415		Charles Allen	7 20
376		Sam'l Baird	9 01
185		Wm P Brady	17 76
337		Lindley Coats	8 04
150		Paul Custer	3 61
30		John Curtin	4 32
71	131	Roland Curtin	16 11
434	163	Abijah Davis	41 55
¾ of 311		Peter Dehaven	11 37
106		Joseph Devling	5 07
434		Joseph Devling	20 85
135		Henry Donald	25 92
¾ of 311		Cadwalader Evans	11 37
415		Wm Elliott	19 93
415		Esther Eddy	59 33
415		Robert Gray	9 97
415		Wm Gray	9 97
415		Wm Gilbert	39 84
360		Martha Godfrey	86 40
300	142	John W Godfrey	28 80
120		Peter Hahn	2 88
415		Susan Hahn	9 97
433	120	Chas Hall	5 91
60		Ed Hallowell	8 64
433		Joseph Higby or Bigbe	41 55
142		Thomas Humphrey	3 39
20		James Irwin	14 61
380¾		Joseph Kelso	36 48
403		Rebecca Kelso	38 67
400		Joseph Kelso	19 20
200		Mary Lane	14 48
150		Sarah Lane	43 20
207½		Caleb Lawns	14 86
207½		Isaac Longstreth	14 86
207½		Caleb Lawns	14 86
207½		Isaac Longstreth	14 86
70		John S Mason	6 72
415		John McCauley	14 40
200		Philip Meyers	28 80
100		Simon Meyers	14 40
420	48	Michael Meyers	60 48
420	48	Valentine Meyers	60 48
196		James Miller	14 13
400		Wm P Mitchell	19 20
434		Wm P Mitchell	20 75
20		Wm P Mitchell	10 56
290		John P Mitchell	13 92
313	112	Ellis L Orvis	15 02
434		J W Packer	20 83
42		J W Packer	2 03
15		J W Packer	37
326		J W Packer	15 63
100		Wm M Packer	5 28
53		Clinepuigley	1 44
110		Peter Smith	12 60
433	153	Sam'l Scott	41 55
433	163	Mary Tallman	20 85
200		Richard Tunis	4 80
200		Richard Tunis	3 84
217		Fishburn Wharton	10 43
217		Fishburn Wharton	10 43
160		Jonathan Willis	3 86
415		Casper Wister	86 40
433	163	James White	31 18
461		Wm Yardley	11 04
		FERGUSON TOWNSHIP.	
150		A Barton Sleat (owner)	11 25
		GREGG TOWNSHIP.	
130		Robert Askin	4 81
40		James Barber	1 48
2-5 of 40		Henry Haines	27
2-5 of 40		Henry Haines	14
2-5 of 40		Henry Haines	14
2-5 of 40		Henry Haines	14
400		Wm Logan	14 80
130		John Mercer	3 80
400		John Painter	14 80
400		Wm Taggert	14 80
400		Davis Taggert	14 80
		HAINES TOWNSHIP.	
400		Thomas Barr	6 50
406	60	Margaret Barr	6 60
313		John Barron	2 25
87		John Barron	82
400		James Barr	6 50
406	60	Mary Barr	6 60
400	60	Ebenezer Branham	3 25
246		Henry Beck	2 33
400	60	John Bell	3 25
154		Henry Beck	2 87
344	16	John Bolinder	5 60
338	60	Henry Bolinder	5 52
325	60	Frederick Bolinder	5 30
313	60	Adam Bolinder	5 12
400	60	John Boyle	3 25
400	60	Thomas Carstance	3 25
406		John Craig	3 28
400	60	John Darr, Jr	3 25
408	78	John Darr	3 30
408	70	Leonard Darr	3 30
382	163	Peter Epler	12 45
435		Andrew Epler	14 23
181		Jacob Fees	1 47
400		Bernard Gratz	3 25
230		H Gillman & S Snyder	18 75
262	140	H Gillman & S Snyder	26 00
435		Chas Hall	21 22
437	108	John Hartman	6 84
430	163	Robert Irwin	7 00
400	138	Margaret Irwin	6 50
400		Margaret Jenks	6 50
400		Mary Jenks	6 50
418	99	George Creamer	26 92
106		Lowery	82
228	150	Wm Mosby	1 87
200		Wm Parker	1 63
200		Wm Parker	1 63
480	60	Wm Phillips	3 25
470		James Rand	6 50
400		James Row	6 50
440	70	Charlotte Rustin	3 58
428	80	Thomas Rustin	6 75

Sales.

ACRES.	PER.	WARRANTEE NAMES.	TAXES.
300	60	Albraight Swineford	4 88
170		Stover & Wolf	2 82
400		Simon Snyder	3 25
88		Wm Tidd	75
400	60	John Tidd	3 25
212		Wm Tidd	2 22
150		D Hensel (owner)	1 22
125		D Hensel (owner)	1 03
		HALF MOON TOWNSHIP.	
48		Dan'l Beck	2 96
40	10	Peggy Shearer	2 80
44	11	Thos Hayskill (owner)	5 96
		HARRIS TOWNSHIP.	
96		J C Fisher	3 54
400		James Forbes	3 60
400		Wm Harrison	3 60
150		John Irwin	1 34
400		James Reed	3 60
100		Sam'l Young	90
		HOWARD TOWNSHIP.	
107	104	Sam'l Brown	8 36
40		Paul Custin	12 15
200		Sam'l Custin	24 30
208		John W Godfrey	26 38
50		A D Harris	2 02
		HUSTON TOWNSHIP.	
433	163	James Baxter	3 26
433	163	John Price	3 29
433	163	John Rollington	3 26
433	163	John Wheeland	3 26
		LIBERTY TOWNSHIP.	
406	129	Ebenezer Benham	16 70
305	120	John Dunwoody	12 51
166		Robert & James Hays	21 79
175		Wm Hays	4 60
175		Geo D Hess	10 75
309	63	Robert Irwin	25 33
398	80	Robert Irwin	16 31
310		Jeremiah Jackson	25 42
150		Peter Lytle	6 15
175		James A Quigley	10 75
406	120	Steven Stevenson	24 99
		MARION TOWNSHIP.	
50		Wm Allison	4 30
42	66	John Carman	2 70
420		Robert Irwin	55 54
413¾		Jeremiah Jackson	53 28
17		Thomas Lewis	5 56
35		J M McKinney	3 79
70		Christ Rohrer	22 59
50		W A Thomas	16 14
50		Jacob Deitz (owner)	4 30
50		Wm Tilghman (owner)	16 14
50		C M Bower (owner)	16 14
19		I S Frain (owner)	6 42
28		John Zeigler (owner)	9 03
60		Simon Yarger	5 14
60		Simon Yarger	5 14
		MILES TOWNSHIP.	
430		Robert Brady	6 47
410		Hannah Brady	6 17
395		Jane Brady	3 86
200		John Brady	3 00
440		Wm P Brady	6 60
269		Wm P Brady	4 33
286		James Black	4 29
75		Wm Barton	56
424		Geo Calhoon	6 38
365		John Cowden	5 49
50		John Cowden	77
450		Wm Cooper	2 27
427		Wm Dewart	6 41
125		John Dorsey	1 89
320		Joseph Fearon	4 80
130	23	Simon Gratz	1 97
200		Robert Gray	1 50
429		Robert Gray	6 63
476		Thomas Grant	7 12
440		James Hepburn	6 69
150		John Housel	1 12
405		Peter Housel	6 09
460		Alexander Hunter	6 90
430		Jeremiah Jackson	6 47
400		Richard Lake	6 00
300		Aaron Levy	2 50
402	134	Wm Miles	6 06
425		Sam'l Norton	6 59
300		Wm Parker	4 50
324		Richard Parker	5 04
324		Jeremiah Parker	4 84
419		John Reese	6 26
125		Wm Steedman	1 87
200		Thomas Smith	3 00
100		Abraham Scott	1 50
50		Sam'l Scott	77
150		Abraham Scott	2 27
90		Sam'l Scott	1 37
130		Robert Taggart	1 77
425		Henry Toland	6 39
125		Wharton Moore	1 89
425		David Williams	6 39
		PATTON TOWNSHIP.	
100		Henry Gross	5 56
		PENN TOWNSHIP.	
300	150	Adam Bolinder	2 98
383		Wm Cook	11 19
		POTTER TOWNSHIP.	
400		Wm P Brady	4 31
288		Mary Bound	3 02
81	111	Alexander Cameron	80
138	134	Geo Foust	1 50
196		H B Fulmer	2 00
400		Edward Garigus	3 02
400		Wm Garigus	3 02
400		Wm Harrison	7 02
45		Jacob Kusteborder	51
100		Shires & Fulimer	3 30
327		S & A Scott	3 02
		SPRING TOWNSHIP.	
216	44	Wm McClure	20 38
186	115	John Purdon	5 84
300		Catharine Robison	9 45
300		Rebecca Robison	9 45
150		Richard Robison	3 66
80		Jasper Brooks (owner)	6 30
100		J Gordon (owner)	3 15
		SNOW SHOE TOWNSHIP.	
433		Andrew Bayard	129 80
433	153	Wm Bingham	51 96
433	153	Felix Brunt	51 96
433	153	George Campbell	51 96
412	44	David Carscadden	49 44
413	44	David Carscadden	49 49
287	80	David Carscadden	34 44
433	153	Paul Cox	51 96
433	153	Thomas Cuthburt	51 96
433	153	D H Cunningham	103 93
60		George Clymer	7 20
433	153	Sharp Delaney	51 95
300		Joseph Devling	18 00
218		Sam'l Dobson	13 65
433		George Eddy	26 04
200		Thomas Fitzmmons	24 00
60		Robt Gray	7 20
383		James T Hale	45 95
50		James T Hale	2 42
433	153	Thomas Hawthorn	51 95
433	153	James Hawthorn	51 95
433	153	Wm Lewis	51 95
433	152	Wm Lewis (lawyer)	51 95
433		Sam'l Linn	51 95
353		John Ligget	42 35
400		J Z Long	24 00
200		J Z Long	24 00
433	153	Jasper Maylan	51 95
434	153	Edward Mayston	51 95
433		James McMannus	51 95
433	153	Blair McLanahan	51 95
433	158	Geo Mead	51 95
433	153	Wm McPherson	51 95
433	153	M T Milliken	51 95
400		N J Mitchell	48 00
409	73	N J Mitchell	49 07
433	120	Luke Misner	51 95
433		Benjamin R Morgan	26 01
433	153	Robert Morris	51 95
368	71	John M Nesbit	89 03
¼ of ¾ of 433	153	J P Norris	17 27
433	153	Wm Parker	26 04
433		Geo Parker	51 95
216		Jeremiah Parker	12 92
360		John Pim	43 20
360	144	Hugh Pim	43 20
300		Job Reiley	45 00
360	144	John Reiley	43 20
433	153	Thos L Shippen	51 95
433	153	Edward Scott	51 95
433	153	Ben H Tallman	26 04
162		Joseph Tomkins	19 44
433	153	A S Valentine	51 95
433	153	Rebecca Waln	26 04
433	153	Moore Wharton	51 95
433	153	Elizabeth Wharton	26 04
433	163	Kearney Wharton	51 95
¼ of 5-9 of 433	153	Mary Wharton	14 40
433	153	Francis West	51 95
433	153	Benjamin West	51 95
265		Francis West	15 91
433	153	Wm H West	26 04
433	152	John West	26 04
102		Francis West	10 15
433		Bird Wilson	51 95
		RUSH TOWNSHIP.	
164	10	James Allison	16 22
433	152	John Allison	83 26
328		James Allison	68 22
250		Andrew Allison	52 00
300		And Allison & Jno Lilly	62 40
327	10	Andrew Armstrong	5 64
40	10	Richard Atherton	6 24
433	153	Paul Black	67 60
400		John Black	62 40
433	163	David Beveridge	5 64

Sales.

ACRES.	PER.	WARRANTEE NAMES.	TAXES.
433	153	Peter Brutzman	112 58
433	163	John Boreland	67 60
433	163	Paul Bush	67 60
433	163	John Bush	67 60
400		James Bush	20 80
221		John Barg	10 40
40		Sam'l Chestnut	2 08
100		John Copenhaver	10 40
250		John Copenhaver	26 00
776		Copenhaver & Whitcome	80 70
433	153	John Cunningham	26 78
100		George Clymer	5 20
100		Geoge Campbell	5 20
300		Thomas Cuthbert	15 60
433	163	Sharp Delaney	5 64
150		Frederick Dorsh	39 00
433	153	Wm Dentler	22 52
433	153	Thomas Edwards	112 58
433	163	Dan'l Ehler	33 80
433	153	Dan'l Fitzgerald	33 80
433	153	John Funk	11 26
250		Thomas Fitzsimmons	13 00
217		Sabastian Graff	56 42
433	153	Andrew Graff	22 58
216	156	Thomas Grant	56 16
433	153	Thomas Grant	33 84
303	153	Wm Gray	76 78
433	163	James Glentworth	5 64
50		Elizabeth Groe	2 60
100		Robt Gray	5 20
433	153	John Gundaker	22 52
433	153	Michael Gundaker	22 52
433	153	Christian Hair	16 90
426	164	Christian Hair, Jr	16 64
433	153	David Hair	16 90
433	153	John Hambright	22 58
216	156	Thomas Hamilton	56 16
433	153	Hugh Hamilton	22 52
433	153	John Hand	16 90
403		John Harrison	26 78
150		Joseph Harrison	38 00
433	153	Hugh Hamilton	22 52
75		Joseph Harrison	3 90
112		Geo M Hartline	4 48
½ of 455	163	Joseph Hopkins	56 29
433	153	John Huber	16 90
433	153	Robt Irwin	112 58
433	153	Robt Irwin	22 52
433	15	Owen Jorson	22 52
433	163	John Kelley	67 60
100		Robt King	20 80
2300		James T Laird	228 80
433	163	George Latimer	5 64
135	63	Wm G Latimer	1 77
15		Casper Lawrence	78
433	153	Christian Lenhore	67 60
313	106	John Lowden	12 22
433	153	Richard Lowden	33 80
433	153	John Lowden	33 84
433	153	Leslie Malone	11 28
433	163	Edward Maystown	5 64
200		Wm McPherson	2 60
433	153	John Miller	16 90
433	163	Jacob Miller	16 90
433	163	Martha McConnell	5 64
433	153	Geo Mead	22 52
433	153	B R Morgan	22 52
217		John Musser	56 42
217		George Musser (Smith)	56 42
407	137	Christian Musser	21 22
9		Ellen Nelson	2 85
323		Hugh Patton	8 40
433	153	Richard Peters	22 52
433	153	Henry Pinkerton	33 80
150	11	Hardman Phillips	39 00
177	84	Hardman Phillips	27 90
216	80	Robert Rainey	36 10
433	153	Thomas Reese	112 58
433	153	Christian Rohrer	16 90
405	47	Jacob Rush	63 18
433	153	Benjamin Rush	33 84
433	153	Casper Shafner	67 60
433	153	Andrew Shenk	16 90
433	153	Christian Shenk	16 90
433	153	Michael Schenk	16 90
247	16	Jacob Steke	9 64
433	153	Robert Spear	67 60
433	153	Mary Smith	11 28
167	07	Geo Slough	6 50
½ of 433	153	John Stoner	56 29
219		Andrew Scott	8 53
200		Joseph Strond	10 40
433	153	Paul Such	67 60
433	163	John Such	67 60
406		Barbara Snyder	63 34
433	153	Geo Slough	22 52
433	153	Geo Slough	22 52
6		John Nelson (owner)	1 56
433	163	Kearney Wharton	67 60
122	44	John Weidman	19 02
402	116	Jacob Weidman	62 79
312		Joseph Wells	48 66
50		John Wells	2 60
250		Paul Wells	13 00
108		John Wilson	5 62
75		Wm Wilson	15 60
433	153	Wm Wilson	112 58
313	106	John Witner	24 44
		TAYLOR TOWNSHIP.	
76		Geo Aushutes	7 61
100		Jacob Beck	25 00
400		Wm Bell	119 00
250		Clement Beckwith	75 00
132		Wm Bell	39 61
100		J C Bell	10 00
50		A M Elder	17 50
434		Hugh Hamilton	65 00
433	163	Elizabeth Hootman	65 00
433	163	Leslie Malone	65 00
434		W W Montgomery	32 55
434		John Montgomery	32 55
433	163	John McCommond	65 00
433	124	E J Pruner	108 26
332	13	Robt F Pruner	83 00
123		Ridgway, Budd & Co., Tract No. 1	18 46
180		Ridgway, Budd & Co., Tract No. 2	27 00
189		Ridgway, Budd & Co., Tract No. 18	37 25
141		Ridgway, Budd & Co., Tract No. 8	21 15
210		Ridgway, Budd & Co., Tract No. 12	52 70
100		John Sherrick	10 00
128		John W Thomas	6 39
438		John W Thomas	21 89
119		John W Thomas	28 81
100		John W Thomas	10 00
100		Geo Cowher (owner)	10 00
90		C Vanpool	31 50
100		Michael Weidner	25 00
100		Michael Weidner	25 00
60		Joseph Yoder	15 00
		UNION TOWNSHIP.	
398½		Ebenezer Brenhan	39 87
		WALKER TOWNSHIP.	
90		Robt Asken	2 04
337	154	Robert & John Baker	7 61
212		Sam'l Barkman	9 54

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—Bedford county has joined the Beaver ranks.

—The Evans-Milliken wedding will occur this evening at 6 o'clock.

—The ironworks establishment of McCoy & Linn is in operation day and night to keep even with the rush of business.

—Saturday, August 5, is the date now determined upon for the State encampment of National Guard at Lewistown.

—Notwithstanding General Beaver's deafening boom, he has taken time to look after the affairs of his clients in court this week.

—Mr. William Steele is erecting a commodious dwelling house on the Lewistown turnpike, a short distance beyond the junction of Spring street.

—Cal. Green, colored, of this place, is making arrangements to open a barber-shop in the McCafferty building, first door west of the Holly Tree Inn.

—Mr. William Wells, who resided on the farm of Mr. John A. Woodward, near Howard, died last week of consumption, leaving a wife and five children.

—We suggest that the *Democrat* begins obituary notices rather abruptly. It would be well for it to cultivate a little more tenderness and impressiveness of expression in this respect.

—Miss Ohnmacht, the far-famed music teacher, advertises two pianos for sale. Miss O. never has anything to do with an instrument that is not superior in quality.

—The *Democrat* informs us that Miss Clara Strickland is teaching the young idea how to shoot, her brilliant efforts in this direction being exerted on the pupils of a select school which she has recently opened at Valentines' works.

—A party of lively youths, desirous of tendering Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Snyder a sweet serenade, went quite a distance on Tuesday night for that purpose. Imagine their disappointment when they found that the happy bride and groom were not at home.

—E. W. Hale & Co. have erected, at their flouring mill below town, an apparatus known as a conveyer to carry grain from the mill to the warehouse. It is capable of carrying 100 bushels of grain per hour. The distance is 130 feet. The proprietors of the mill are enterprising gentlemen and alive to the spirit of improvement.

—There are some suspicions that the fortune of $15,000,000 which is said to be coming from Germany to the Bartholomew family in this country exists only in the imagination of a sharp New York lawyer, named Sternberg, who for some time has been defrauding them out of stated assessments or fees which they paid him to look after their interests.

—Persons interested in the following letters now in the Bellefonte post-office, should call for them: One is addressed "Lida Pottoff, Centre County, Pa.," held for insufficient direction; another is addressed, "John Wright, No. 12 Box, Centre County, Pa., North America." Mr. Wright is informed that the address is not right.

—The case of George Gates, of Half Moon, who was arrested some time ago for cruelty to a little girl, was disposed of in court last week. Mr. Gates is to pay the costs, which are quite heavy, and also give bonds to the amount of $2,000 for her maintenance and education until sixteen years of age. Constable William H. Wike will retain possession of the little girl and see that the terms of the settlement are carried out.

—A high-toned young gentleman now spending a short time in our midst hired a horse and buggy from Garman's livery stable on Tuesday and took a short trip into the country. When a long distance from town he alighted from his vehicle and as he thought, securely fastened his horse. But the animal succeeded in breaking loose and started for town, leaving the unfortunate young gentleman to make his way back on foot. Our New York friend will be more careful in the future.

—An experienced truck gardener says that to insure a constant supply of sweet corn for the table there should be no less than seven different plantings through the season. The first planting (of dry seed) should be made not earlier than the 20th of April, the next planting ten days after, then follow the other five plantings from ten to twelve days apart, the last being towards the end of June. These plantings will afford a daily supply of the most delicious of all vegetables set upon a table, up toward the end of October or until sharp frost intervenes.

—More persons have been cured with PERUNA than with all other remedies put together.

Ring the Wedding Bells.

The wedding, Wednesday afternoon, which was alluded to in the *News* of that day, deserves a more extended notice than we had space to give at the time. The contracting parties were Mr. Edward G. Hannam, of Catawissa, and Miss Clara Keyser, of this place. Three o'clock p. m. was the time appointed for the ceremony and promptly at that hour a pleasant little company gathered at the home of the bride's parents on High street. Rev. George Pennypacker, of the M. E. church, was the officiating minister. Mr. Edward Powers acted as best man and Miss Keyser, a sister of the bride, as bridesmaid. After the solemn and decisive words had been said, Mr. and Mrs. Hannam received the hearty congratulations of their friends and the entire company sat down to a bountiful dinner, which was extremely elegant both in quality and quantity. It is unnecessary to say that all did ample justice to the feast.

Mr. and Mrs. Hannam departed on the 5 p. m. train on an extended wedding tour. The first place of importance which they will go to will be Pittsburg, after which they will visit relatives of the groom in other places, returning to make their home in Catawissa. Persons in this place who are acquainted with the groom speak in the most enthusiastic terms of his high character and integrity. He is an engineer on the Catawissa railroad. The bride is quite well known and is a very estimable young lady. We hope that their future will be one of unalloyed happiness.

Perhaps the most beautiful wedding which has ever been witnessed in this place occurred Wednesday evening at 6 o'clock at the elegant residence of Mr. George Valentine. Forty or fifty guests were present, Mr. John Lyon and Mr. Elliott Lane acting as ushers. At the appointed time the beautiful bride and groom, Miss Clara Milliken, of this place, and Courtland de Lacy Evans, took their appointed place in the centre of the large double parlor, beneath an arch of green, a superb wedding bell of flowers ordered from Philadelphia hanging directly above their heads. The wedding ceremony was exceedingly brief and informal. Rev. William Laurie, of the Presbyterian church, this place, officiating, assisted by Rev. K. P. Ketchum, of Plainfield, N. J. Both clergymen are devoted friends of the bride. Miss Mary Valentine, eldest daughter of Mr. George Valentine, and Mr. L. Melville Evans, youngest brother of the groom, acted as attendants. A superb collation was served. Clark W. Evans, the oldest brother of the groom, who was present, is an accomplished musician and has composed several operas. After the ceremony was over he performed one of these elegant compositions on the piano, to the great delectation of the assembled company. Mr. and Mrs. Evans departed on the evening train on an extended wedding tour, intending to return to this place in a few weeks. The arrangements for their future have not yet all been perfected, but it is exceedingly probable that they will reside in Bellefonte, which we hope will be the case, as the bride has endeared herself to all who know her and is exceedingly popular. Mr. Evans is an agreeable, talented and accomplished gentleman and will be an important and desirable accession to Bellefonte society.

The residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. McCallion, at Howard, was enlivened by a festive scene on Tuesday evening of the 18th ult. The occasion was the marriage of their daughter, Mrs. Mattie Snodgrass, a beautiful young widow, to Mr. B. T. Bryant, of Odessa, N. Y. The ceremony was performed in a brief, but very chaste and impressive manner, by Rev. Father McIlheney, of Snow Shoe, and the contracting parties were doubly supported by Miss Lena Reber as bridesmaid, and Mr. T. A. McCallion, the bride's brother, as groomsman. A large number of invited guests were present, and the company was of the most pleasant description. Immediately after the ceremony a very elegant supper was served, and after duly discussing this, the entire party escorted the happy couple to the station, from which they took the evening train for their future home in New York, amid the hearty congratulations and good wishes of all present. Following is a list of presents received and by whom given:

Miss Levina Snodgrass, a chamber suit; Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Neff, wash bowl and pitcher; Mr. and Mrs. A. Weber, one doz. napkins; Miss M. Burns, glass pitcher; Mrs. E. Fronk, pair linen towels; Miss Clara Neff, glass cake dish; Miss Nora Snodgrass, half doz. goblets; Miss Sallie Smith, tidy; Mr. and Mrs. Hayes Schenk, glass cake dish; Mr. A. Montgomery, 1 doz. napkins; Mrs. J. Bechdel, set of butter plates; Mrs. McCallion, set glass ware; Mr. J. C. McCallion, half doz. silver knives and forks; Miss A. Shuey, pair pickle jars; Master Harry and Ward Neff, pair of vases; Mr. and Mrs. O. J. Allison, pair linen towels; Miss Z. McCallion, glass butter dish; Miss Mary Snodgrass, pair linen towels; Miss Laura Reber, glass butter dish; Mr. George Snodgrass, one half dozen gobiets; Mr. Irvin Reber, glass dish; Mrs. McKinney, one half dozen desert dishes; Mr. and Mrs. W. Neff, glass pitcher; Mr. and Mrs. J. Holter, set of glass ware; Mrs. E. Fronk, bridal cake; Mr. and Mrs. A. Weber, pair of towels; Miss Belle McCallion, two oil paintings; Mrs. Anna Neff, pair towels; Miss Clara Neff, gravy tureen.

Court Correspondence.

WEDNESDAY.

Dear Mr. Editor: Another day of court has rolled around. Since my last report, the court has disposed of the following cases:

Adam Bartges vs. Meyer & Motz.—verdict for plaintiff for $312.58. J. P. Gephart vs. Houseal & Teller—judgment confessed in favor of plaintiff for $50.00 and costs. Michael Runkle vs. Joseph Ross—judgment confessed in favor of plaintiff for $31.21. Robert Brenam vs. P. Gray Meek, settled and defendant to pay costs. R. L. Dart vs. Overseers of the Poor of Spring township—judgment confessed in favor of plaintiff for $23.50.

In the Quarter Sessions: Commonwealth vs. Thomas Depo—assault and battery. Defendant pleads guilty. Same vs. Thomas Pearson—violation of liquor law. Defendant pleads guilty and sentenced to pay $600 fine and costs of prosecution.

Same vs. George Gates for refusing to provide food, clothing and lodging for child. Leave granted by court to District Attorney to enter *nolle prosequi* upon payment of costs.

Commonwealth vs. A. C. Moore—larceny of sewing machine. Jury rendered verdict of not guilty.

Commonwealth vs. James Myton, of Huntingdon county. This is the disgraceful case which has already attracted so much attention. True bill returned by Grand Jury and defendent is now on trial before a jury.

THURSDAY.

The following is a synopsis of court proceedings since Wednesday at 2:30 p. m.:

The case of the Commonwealth vs James Myton consumed all the time of the court on Wednesday up to 10 o'clock at night, when Judge Orvis charged the jury which remained out till 5 o'clock this morning. The verdict was: Defendant not guilty, but that he pay three-fourths of the costs, and James Hamilton and Calvin Hamilton, the prosecutors, the other one-fourth.

Commonwealth vs. Joseph McClosky and Wm. McClosky was next called, and the court, after hearing the testimony on the part of the Commonwealth, granted leave to the district attorney to enter *nolle prosequi*.

Commonwealth vs. Henry Powers, for removing land marks. Jury was called and case tried, but verdict not yet rendered.

The grand jury finished its business about 11:30 a. m. and were discharged with the thanks of the court for the manner in which they performed their business.

Geo. A. Brown, ex-district attorney of Clinton county, was sworn in as an attorney to practice law in the several courts of Centre county.

Yours truly,

ST. CLAIR VERE DE VERE.

Death of an Aged Lady.

We record this week the death of Mrs. Ann Lewis Alexander, which sad event occurred on April 25th at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Daniel Leyden, of Beech Creek, Clinton county. By refering to the notice of her death in another column it will be perceived that this lady was over 83 years of age. She was well known in this community, being the mother of our eminent fellow-townsmen, Senator C. T. Alexander and Mr. J. R. Alexander. The funeral took place from her late residence on Thursday afternoon, the 27th inst. The remains were conveyed from Beech Creek to Bellefonte in the afternoon train. On its arrival, the funeral cortege proceeded from the depot to the Union cemetery for interment. There were brief services at the grave.

Sugar Valley Excited.

On April 22d, at 12 o'clock, noon, a fire broke out in the village of Logansville, located in fertile Sugar Valley. The residences of Hon. G. A. Achenbach and Jacob Horner were destroyed, and for a while it looked as though the entire village would be consumed. Fourteen other buildings—dwelling houses and stables—took fire and the excitement for a few moments was intense. Men, women and children worked like heroes, and by superhuman efforts no further destruction resulted beyond the tearing off of shingles, the only resort left to save the town. The fire originated in Mr. Barner's residence. —*Lock Haven Journal.*

Missionary Work.

Rev. Crittenden has been busily engaged during the past week in his missionary work. The following brief synopsis of ten days' operations will be interesting to his numerous co-operating friends. The time was spent in Elk and adjoining counties. The places visited for service include Boyer Run, Cherwood, Sergeants, Wetmore, Big Bend, Sugar Run, Indian Cornplanter Reservation, Mountain District, German Settlement and Brandy Camp. Eight Sunday schools were aided in organization or otherwise, and nine sermons and addresses delivered. Forty-two Bibles and Testaments were distributed. Fifty-four families were visited. Not less than two hundred miles was traveled, including over fifty miles necessarily on foot.

Let it be Tried Here.

We heartily agree with the Williamsport *G. & B.* in the following:

They are enforcing the law in the state of New York against profane swearing, and it works to a charm where the authorities prove that they are in earnest. Although it is filling the jails and the lockups, it is also replenishing the treasury in way of fines. If the law in this state was made operative it would lessen this useless, ungentlemanly and disgusting habit, or increase the revenue and replenish the places of confinement with a class quite as deserving of punishment as those placed there for drunkenness or other offenses of a personal nature, that belong more directly with the person than what is done against the peace and interests of others.

—Mechanics, as a rule, do not linger long at their work after the arrival of the noon hour has been announced by the whistle or bell. The other day a carpenter, employed on a building on Linn street, was in the act of driving a ten-penny nail when the 12 o'clock bell began ringing. No doubt it will be supposed that he finished driving the nail before leaving, but he didn't do anything of the kind. He grabbed his coat and struck out, leaving his hammer suspended in the air right where his arm was poised when the bell was heard. Whether he was as punctual in leaving the dinner table to return to that nail we cannot say.

State Medical Society.

The State medical society will hold its annual session at Titusville on May 10, as at first intended. It was at first feared that the recent conflagration at that place would materially interfere with the session, but the committee of arrangements announce that they have secured ample accommodations in private houses for all who attend, while the hotels that are open will provide good board for 400 persons, if necessary.

—There is not a properly constructed house for rent in this town. Either landlords are shamelessly careless of the way their houses are built or architecture is one of the lost arts. We are inclined to think the former is the correct theory. Show us the house where drafts do not penetrate at the sides of the windows or doors if you can.

Disease is an effect, not a cause. Its origin is within; its manifestations are without. Hence, to cure the disease the **Cause** must be removed, and in no other way can a cure be effected. WARNER'S SAFE KIDNEY AND LIVER CURE is established on just principles. It realizes that

95 Per Cent.

of all diseases arise from deranged kidneys and liver, and it strikes at once at the root of the difficulty. The elements of which it is composed act directly upon these great organs, both as a *food* and *restorer*, and by placing them in a healthy condition, drive disease and pain from the system.

For the innumerable troubles caused by unhealthy Kidneys, Liver and Urinary Organs; for the distressing Disorders of Women; for Malaria, and for physical derangements generally, this great remedy has no equal. Beware of imposters, imitations and connections said to be just as good.

For Diabetes, ask for WARNER'S SAFE DIABETES CURE. For sale by all dealers.

H. H. WARNER & CO.,
Rochester, N. Y.

WHAT IT WILL DO.

Fifty cents enclosed in a letter and mailed to JOHN D. WATTLES, 725 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, with a request that the *Sunday School Times* be sent to you, will result in your receiving that paper for three months. *The Sunday School Times* is a large 16 page weekly paper, and is used by many thousand teachers. You will at least wish to try it for three months, if you are not already a subscriber. At the end of three months, if you feel that your investment has not been a good one, the publisher will send the money back to you. *The Scholars' Quarterly*, published at the same office, would help your scholars. Its beautiful double-page colored map is alone worth the price of the book. Send seven cents for a specimen copy.

Do you know of any better time to attend to all this than *just now* as you read this notice?

In writing, please mention the paper. 14 15 1m

New Advertisements.

Cuticura

Resolvent

I will now state that I made a miraculous cure of one of the worst cases of skin disease known. The patient is a man forty years old; had suffered fifteen years. His eyes, scalp and nearly his whole body presented a frightful appearance. Had had the attention of twelve different physicians, who prescribed the best remedies known to the profession, such as iodide potassium, arsenic, corrosive sublimate, sarsaparilla, etc. Had paid $500 for medical treatment with but little relief. I prevailed upon him to use the CUTICURA RESOLVENT internally, and the CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP externally. He did so, and was *completely cured*. The skin on his head, face, and many other parts of his body, which presented a most loathsome appearance, is now soft and smooth as an infant's with no scar or trace of the disease left behind. He has now been cured twelve months.

Reported by F. H. BROWN, Esq., Barnwell, S. C.

SCROFULA SORE.

Rev. Dr.——, in detailing his experience with the CUTICURA REMEDIES, said that through Divine Providence one of his parishioners was cured of a scrofulous sore, which was slowly draining away his life, by the CUTICURA RESOLVENT internally, and CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP externally. The poison that had fed the disease was completely driven out.

ECZEMA.

Sixteen months since an eruption broke out on my leg and both feet, which turned out to be eczema, and caused me great pain and annoyance. I tried various remedies with no good results, until I used the CUTICURA RESOLVENT internally, and CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP externally, which entirely cured me so that my skin is as smooth and natural as ever.

LEN. M. FRAILEY, 64 South st., Baltimore.

CUTICURA.

The Cuticura treatment for the cure of Skin, Scalp and Blood Diseases, consists in the internal use of **Cuticura Resolvent**, the new Blood Purifier, and the external use of **Cuticura** and **Cuticura Soap**, the Great Skin Cures.

Price, Cuticura Resolvent, $1.00 per bottle; Cuticura, 50c. per box; large boxes, $1.00; Cuticura Medicinal Toilet Soap, 25c.; Cuticura Medicinal Shaving Soap, 12c. Sold everywhere.

Depot, Weeks & Potter, Boston.

CATARRH

Sanford's Radical Cure.

Head Colds, Watery Discharges from the Nose and Eyes, Ringing Noises in the Head, Nervous Headache and Chills and Fever instantly relieved.

Choking, putrid mucus is dislodged membrane cleansed, disinfected and healed, breath sweetened, smell, taste and hearing restored and constitutional ravages checked.

Cough, Bronchitis, Droppings into the throat, Pains in the Chest, Dyspepsia, Wasting of Strength and Flesh, Loss of sleep, &c., cured.

One bottle Radical Cure, one box Catarrhal Solvent and Sanford's Inhaler, all in one package, of all druggists, for $1. Ask for Sanford's Radical Cure.

WEEKS & POTTER, Boston.

COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTERS **LIGHTNING**

Is not quicker than COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTERS in relieving pain and weakness of the Kidneys, Liver and Lungs, Rheumatism, Neuralgia Hysteria, Female Weakness, Malaria, and Fever and Ague.

Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere.

W. P. Duncan & Co.,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS

BELLEFONTE

PATENT WATER WHEEL,

STEAM ENGINES.

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,

ROLLING MILL

AND

Grist Mill Machinery.

5 46a812-tf.

CHEAP FARMS

NEAR MARKETS.

The State of Michigan, having 50 years of improvements, *still contains large tracts of unoccupied lands* suitable for farms, some of them subject to free settlement under homestead laws, and all of them for sale at low prices. A pamphlet, prepared under authority of the State, and containing a map, descriptions of its climate, soil, industries, crops and resources, and an account of its lands, will be sent free to any one writing for it to COMMISSIONER OF IMMIGRATION, Detroit, Mich. 17-4t

Asthma Cured

German Asthma Cure never fails to give *immediate relief* in the worst cases; insures comfortable sleep; effects CURES where all others fail. *A trial convinces the most skeptical.* Price **50c. and $1.00,** of druggists or by mail. Sample **Free** for stamp. DR. SCHIFFMAN, St. Paul, Minn 14-4t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration upon the estate of James L. Loder, late of Howard township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Centre County, all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to decedent are requested to come forward and make immediate payment, and those having claims against deceased are desired to present the same, duly authenticated, for settlement to

GEORGE R. LODER, Administrator.
P. O. Address Howard Pa. 14-6t

Frank P. Blair.

I have just received the Largest, Finest, and in every way the Best Stock of

Silver Ware

ever offered in this town. I can show you ware heavier in the metal, finer in the finish, with more weight of silver to the square inch than you ever saw before. I am now buying nothing less than

QUADRUPLE PLATE,

which is a grade heavier than any other. But one of the most important items relating to these goods is the price I can sell them at. Taking the exclusive sale of them in this county enables me to buy large quantities. Large quantities entitles me to the lowest prices and largest rebates. Giving you these advantages enables you to buy these fine goods, never higher, and sometimes lower than the most common goods which are entitled to be called silverware.

FRANK P. BLAIR

No. 2 Brockerhoff House,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor.

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

—Shad is plentiful and excellent.

—Button-hole bouquets are appearing.

—Jack Frost is an unwelcome but frequent visitor.

—Bad colds seem to be the prevailing disease just now.

—Dandelion greens are much relished by some people.

—Oscar Wilde will lecture in Harrisburg on the 4th of May.

—Who can account for the continued coldness of the weather?

—Perhaps you will be able to wear your spring suit next summer.

—Mr. William Zellers, of this place, was in Lock Haven last Friday.

—Early spring flowers are in bloom in some of the yards of this place.

—An unusually large quantity of maple sugar was made this spring.

—The demand for houses continues, but no effort is being made to supply it.

—Harry Teats & Co.'s stock of groceries is arriving and is being put in order

—The new piano just received by the Y. M. C. A. is pronounced a fine instrument.

—Mr. Samuel Brooks, the milk man, disposed of ninety-five quarts of milk Monday morning.

—Active operations seem to have ceased on the new Reformed church. When will it be completed?

—The man with the toy balloons was around on Monday. They found a ready sale among the children.

—Miss Bella Rankin, from Boalsburg, is spending a few days in town this week with friends and relatives.

—Philipsburg, says the *Journal*, will celebrate the Fourth of July this year in a manner that will astonish the natives.

—Forepaugh's circus exhibited at Lock Haven on Friday. A few Bellefonters journeyed in that direction, *just to see the animals.*

—Mr. Beezer's new meat market and W. E. Burchfield's grocery, both on High street, were opened for business Monday morning.

—The establishment of Wm. P. Duncan & Co. and the Car Works closed on Monday afternoon during the circus entertainment.

—Vegetation will start up in earnest this month, provided the weather manager has no more "atmospheric" surprise parties in store for us.

—The Y. M. C. A. have issued beautifully printed invitations to the series of receptions to be given in their new apartments this week.

—What is being done in Bellefonte in regard to a public observance of Decoration day. Adjoining towns are getting ahead of us in this matter.

—Some of the parties connected with the famous Huntingdon case felt so elated or depressed over the result that they got "gloriously drunk" before leaving town.

—Mr. C. U. Hoffer made his *debut* last week as a full-fledged business man, having become a partner with his father in the mercantile business on Bishop street.

—Small pox is reported at Houtzdale. Mr. Joseph Mulson, the father of a young man who was killed on the railroad near this place last summer, was recently a victim.

—The funeral of Mrs. Ann Lewis Alexander, on Thursday evening, was quite largely attended, there being about a dozen carriages in line. Rev. Wm. Laurie conducted brief services at the grave.

—A lively fight, most of the participants in which hailed from the vicinity of Linn & McCoy's forge, took place on Monday afternoon. They found a safe and cool retreat in the lock-up.

—The excursion train to leave this place for Harrisburg, on the morning of the 9th prox., to convey delegates and visitors to the Republican State Convention, will return on Wednesday evening after the convention. The arrangements have been placed in the charge of D. S. Keller, Esq., and Mr. Isaac Mitchell. Applications for tickets should be made early.

—We were in luck on Friday. Five separate invitations were given us to go certain places or do certain things. Three were regretfully declined and two accepted. The most utterly utter of all was an invitation from J. Willard Miller to step up in the new apartments of the Y. M. C. A. to assist in tacking carpets. We spent about a half hour in this delightful occupation. Ugh!

Meeting of the Agricultural Society

A meeting of the Agricultural Society was held in the Court House on Tuesday evening, April 25. In the absence of the president of the society, Dr. E. W. Hale, Captain Austin Curtin was called to the chair. S. D. Ray, Esq., the secretary, had an engagement with a young lady to play a game of parlor croquet—at least, that was the excuse offered for his absence. John A. Daley was called to keep a record of passing events for the evening.

On motion, Dr. E. W. Hale, Esq., George W. Campbell and Captain John A. Hunter were elected delegates to meet the trustees of the State College at their annual meeting in June. Loud calls were made for Clement Dale, Esq., who responded in genuine Daniel Webster style, giving an interesting history of the society and a statement as to its present standing and financial condition. He also, in the course of his remarks, referred to the financial embarrassments through which the society had passed during and since the panic, and said that all the premiums of last year were paid in full and those of the year previous *pro rata*. A. A. Dale, Judge Larimer, George Dale (a leading Granger as well as a prosperous farmer), all spoke for the good of the order. The last but not necessarily the least who took the stand in favor of agriculture and reform was Prof. Harshberger. The professor told how in early life he had cleared up the forest and caused it to blossom as the rose, and that on more than one occasion he caused two blades of grass to grow where formerly there was but one. Later in life he was of the best teacher in the county. Later still he dropped the plow and birch and became a disciple of Blackstone.

On motion of Joseph Baker, Esq., Clement Dale, Esq., of Bellefonte, and John A. Daley, of Curtin, were elected to perform agricultural missionary work in the county, and at an early day will enter upon the discharge of that duty.

Believing that Lancaster county carries the banner and Centre the flag in agriculture and the banner in mining and manufacturing in Pennsylvania, we should hold a fair second to none in the United States. If the farmers and manufacturers will see to it, they are the power by which the machine can be successfully operated. A call has been made for the farmers, miners and manufactures to hold a mass meeting in the Court House in the borough of Bellefonte, on Monday evening, August 28th, 1882, (court week), positively no postponement. The time is fixed. So let there be a united effort on the part of everybody to make this meeting a grand success. Let every farmer and all lovers of industry, therefore, consider themselves engaged for the evening of August 28, and let nothing interfere with that engagement. Mark it down where you won't forget it. MISSIONARY.

County papers please copy.

Soldiers' Orphans.

A number of Grand Army men, members of different posts throughout the State, met in convention at Harrisburg on Thursday morning. The object of the convention was to confer with the state department with reference to the admission of the soldiers' orphans to the orphans' schools, but who could not be received on account of a lack of funds to provide for their support. This lack of funds, it is stated, occurred because balances of former appropriations to the schools, that had been hoarded for emergencies were covered into the treasury again whereby the schools have been impoverished. Remarks were made during the meeting, the tenor of which was strongly in favor of the education of all soldiers' orphans. It was also decided that if State Superintendent Higbee admitted such children to the orphans' schools they would see that he was sustained for such exercise of discretionary power by their representatives in the coming legislature. A committee was appointed to wait on the governor, the attorney general and the state superintendent, for the purpose of arranging for a meeting, when the convention could confer with either or all of them, but the governor was absent. An informal talk followed with Superintendent Higbee in the afternoon. It consisted mainly in a general conversation on the subject of the schools, the necessity of their liberal support, and the justice of the legislature in refunding to the schools the surplus which the state treasurer covered back into the treasury.

The object of the convention and meeting was practically secured, and Superintendent Higbee will admit many of the soldiers' orphans now awaiting admission.

—Williamsport had Forepaugh's circus on Thursday, and Cole's circus will visit that city on the 18th of May.

Gone to Her Rest.

It is with deep feelings of sorrow that we record the departure from this life of a dear friend, a kind neighbor, Mrs. Elizabeth Ardell, wife of our honored townsman, John Ardell, Jr., which sad event occurred between the hours of 4 and 5 o'clock Thursday, after a brief but painful illness, in her 63d year. Her death was the result of a severe cold contracted on Saturday, developing into pneumonia of a violent form during the night. On Tuesday the case was regarded as a doubtful one by the attending physician, but on Wednesday afternoon a slight change for the better was noticeable, which caused a gleam of hope to illumine the faces of the anxious watchers. Twelve hours later another change took place, this time for the worse, and all hope was abandoned. A great change had come over the patient, and the ominous silence that reigned in the sick room, with the grave face of the physician, told all that the end was nigh. The sufferer continued to sink rapidly until within a few minutes of 5 o'clock when Death, the invisble destroyer, knocked at the door, and all was over.

Deceased was a member of the Presbyterian church, and a regular attendant when not prevented by illness. She enjoyed the friendship and esteem of a large circle of friends, who loved her for her kind and generous nature, her deeds of manevolence and her upright Christian ways. The sorrowing husband, who has the sympathy of the entire community in his great loss and hour of anguish, loses a loving and attentive wife, who for thirty-three years had been his faithful partner and sympathizer through health and sickness, joys and adversities. She is gone, ne'er to return, and the light and warmth has gone out from his fireside. No more will her dear face greet him at the open door, and when stricken with disease or overtaken by misfortune, no hands will administer to his wants and comforts so patiently and tenderly as hers. She will be missed, yes, sadly missed, by those to whom she was dear, and yet why should they weep? She has gone from a world where sin and sorrow and suffering stalk abroad at morn and at night to the glorious realms of her Creator, where pain and sickness cannot follow. Finished are her earthly labors—those of her heavenly home have begun. Her spirit rests in the Eternal City.

Mrs. Ardell's maiden name was Elizabeth D. Seelve. Two sisters survive her—Mrs. Waite, now residing in Chicago, and Mrs. Herrick, of Grinnell, Iowa. The funeral took place on Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Rumors from Roland.

A. J. Goodfellow, of Roland, has erected a new residence and has already removed into it with his family.

The residence of Mr. Samuel Stine, of Roland, has been completely remodeled and rendered much more comfortable. A new fence is now being erected around the premises. Mr. Stine has also employed several millwrights to work upon his new mills at that place.

The new county bridge, one end of which is in Boggs township and the other in the township of Howard, is still in an unfinished condition so far as the end in Howard township is concerned. The public road at that point is covered with stones and other debris to an extent that renders it almost impassable. Why are the authorities of Howard so dilatory in completing their part of the work?

Notwithstanding the heavy loss of Curtin & Co., by the extensive charcoal fire some time ago, the works are running at their fullest capacity and fresh orders are received daily.

Pennsvalley Paragraphs.

Mr. J. Royer, who has been quite ill since last August, is, we are pleased to state, slightly convalescent. We hope he will continue to recover his health until he is as well as in the days of *auld lang syne*.

The farmers are busy plowing and sowing their oats. A few are also preparing corn ground for planting.

The ore bank, one mile east of Centre Hall, was opened up again last week. Gen. I. Gregg is the manager.

Dr. G. L. Lee, of near Centre Hall, has located at Aaronsburg. He is a graduate of the Baltimore Medical College.

The Spring Mills Select School closed its first week with upwards of forty pupils. Lewis Reiter, A. B., is principal. K.

—The street parade of Batcheller & Doris' circus was the event of Monday morning. It was a spectacle of great magnificence, including the grand chariot, two bands of music a company of jubilee singers, the Goddess of Liberty, and, chief of all, the $10,000 beauty. All the young men pronounce this last feature a decided success.

Curb Market.

A correspondent from Milesburg has this to say about the curb market in Bellefonte, which he alleges has been discontinued by order of the Burgess: A man who has been a constant attendant to the curb market wants to know why the rulers of your town have discouraged a curb market. Is it not as fair that the farmers should have the privilege of selling their produce in the same way this season that they have had in other years, or is this a scheme to compel the farmers to furnish their produce to the merchants of your town, so that they (the merchants) can control the prices the farmer shall receive, and the consumer shall pay? Suppose the farmers should refuse to bring to your town their produce to sell to the merchant to speculate upon, would not the citizens who complain that the market is too early, complain again? The market would of course have to wait on the buyers, and if it has been too early for them in the past let the buyers come later. One man who has followed up the market for the last two years informed me that he would lose two hundred dollars by its being done away with this season. He had made extra preparation to supply early vegetables to the Bellefonte market, supposing he could sell the same as in the past. Had he supposed he would not have been allowed to do so he would not have started the plants, but would have turned his attention to other branches of the business. Now, Mr. Editor, I am not a farmer, but I am interested for the farmers and I think they have rights as well as other people. They do not refuse or complain at paying the ten cents that is asked of them, and if that is not enough you could charge more. Why, then, should they be denied the right to sell at curb market instead of running around town ringing door bells not knowing what kind of a reception they may receive? It is not very pleasant for a farmar to run around in this way. A curb market saves them this trouble. Do the merchants own the town council? If not, give the farmers the right to sell at market as before. Yours for justice,

DUTCHER.

—We copy the following from the *Easton Express*, in relation to the marriage of Rev. DeLong, of the German Reformed Church of this place:

Yesterday, the 27th inst., Rev. John F. DeLong, of Bellefonte, was married to Miss Amanda E. Laubach, at the residence of the bride's mother at Stemton. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. C. J. Becker, of Catasauqua, assisted by Rev. S. A. Leinbach, of Coplay. The ushers were Prof. T. M. Balliet and Mr. P. J. Laubach, brother of the bride. At 2.15 o'clock, to the stirring music of the wedding march, admirably rendered by Misses Alice and Virginia Smith, the ushers entered the spacious parlor followed by the bride and groom, and the words were spoken which henceforth unites their destinies. The bride was attired in bronze satin marvelleaux and moire-antique, with irradescent trimmings, white flowers and point and Duchesse lace.

After the ceremony and the hearty congratulations of the guests, a magnificent collation was served which for its *menu* was generally commended. The event was graced with the presence of the nearest relatives and most intimate friends of the contracting parties and the last embraced residents of Bethlehem, Allentown, Catasauqua, Coplay, Reading, Philadelphia, Mauch Chunk, Lehighton Siegfrieds Bridge, Weaversville and Franklin, Venango county.

The wedding gifts were numerous, elegant and valuable, and gave substantial evidence of the esteem and regard in which the bride has always been held by her relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. DeLong left with the 8.20 Lehigh Valley Railroad train on an extended tour, which will include the prominent cities of the South. Mrs. DeLong leaves the home of her childhood with the regard of all her acquaintances, whose good wishes follow her and him whom she has chosen to their future home. They add their heartfelt congratulations and wish them a long and prosperous wedded life.

"Squaw Corn."

On his recent visit to the Senaca Cornplanter Reservation, the Indians presented to Rev. R. Crittenden a waste paper basket and a few ears of what they call "Squaw Corn." It is said to be earlier than the common sweet corn and prolific in the growth of leaves, making excellent fodder. The kernel is large and of a milk white color. He says that any member of any Sunday-school (in Centre county only as the supply is limited) can have enough seed for at least two hills by sending two three-cent stamps to pay for a package and postage, or a dime for mission use to Miss Jennie Crittenden, Bellefonte.

Vennor's May Weather.

The Canadian weather prophet, Vennor, has kindly consented to give us the following varieties of weather during this month:

From the 1st to the 6th—Fine but cool weather. Fair weather, with cool to cold nights generally up to the 6th, when a change is likely to be experienced. From the 7th to the 13th—miserable weather, followed by generally warmer conditions during the week, with storms in some Western sections. There may be brief intervals of hot weather. Rain again towards close of week, and stormy weather. From the 14th to the 18th—Generally wet and stormy. Bleak and fall-like, with wet weather in the majority of sections up to the end of month. Altogether very variable weather. 19th and 20th—Probably more settled and warmer, with decidedly hot weather in portions of the United States. From the 21st to the 23d—Cold rains again. Changeable week with alterations of sultry, windy and cooler weather. 24th and 25th—Strong winds. Severe hail, thunder and wind storms in Western sections. 26th and 27th—Weather getting rather more unsettled and unsummerlike than otherwise. 28th and 29th—Cool, bleak and backward weather generally, with heavy rains, wind and hail storms over both Canada and the United States. 30th and 31st—Considerable injury done to vegetation and crops. Snow flurries.

Personal Mention.

Hon. R. Milton Speer, of Huntingdon, is at the Bush House.

Mr. Charles Heisler, the tombstone man, was in Lock Haven on Friday.

Miss Annie Fiedler, of Madisonburg, is visiting friends in Lock Haven.

Miss Julia Barnhart, of Curtin, is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. C. Weaver, on Penn street.

P. Gray Meek and Justice Rankin are off on a fishing expedition, Benner's Run being the stream from which they will capture the speckled beauties.

Mr. A. J. Smith, of New Millport, Clearfield county, was in town Monday. He was formerly a merchant of Port Matilda, this county, and occasionally contributed lively letters to the NEWS.

Mr. Wm Jenkins has set out a row of shade trees before his new residence on Linn street, and erected a "suspension bridge," from his sidewalk over the gutter. Mr. J. is keeping up with the times nobly.

The Comet to be Visible in Sunshine.

Rochester's astronomer, Lewis Swift, communicates to the *Express* of that city some very interesting information concerning the remarkable comet which was first discovered by his assistant at the Dudley observatory on March 18th. He says: "This comet, which promises to be one of the most splendid seen in our times, is now in Draco, near the head of that long winding constellation. It is nearly four times as bright as at discovery, and will continue for several weeks, gradually, and then very rapidly to increase in brightness until at its perihelion, it will be 2,105 times as bright as it was on the 18th of March, and will then be visible in full sunshine. A few previous comets have been visible by daylight, but such comets are very rare. The precise time of the perihelion passage is not yet accurately determined. Most computors, however, place it about the middle of June, though a few prolong it nearly a month later."

State Board of Agriculture.

The spring meeting of the State board of agriculture will be held at Allentown on Tuesday May 23, and will continue in session for two days. An interesting programme has been prepared and twelve essays will be read by gentlemen who are fully competent to interest and instruct their hearers. There will be a lecture each evening, one by Mr. Meehan and the other by Dr. Leffman. Governor Hoyt, who is president of the board, is expected to be present. About thirty or forty members of the board will be in attendance. The meetings are open to the public and it is desired of the board that there be a full turnout of farmers and others interested in agriculture, fruit culture, etc., as much practical benefit can be derived from attendance at the meeting.

—Batcheller & Doris' circus met with many difficulties in their journey to this place. They exhibited at Milton on Saturday, and after they had progressed about fifty miles on their way hither they received news that the bridge crossing the river at Flemington, near Lock Haven, had been destroyed by fire on Saturday night, and their further progress in that direction was consequently checked. No alternative remained but to retrace their course and come around via. Harrisburg. This they did, and arrived here about 3 o'clock Monday morning.

—Batcheller & Doris' circus did not reach Renovo until after daylight this morning. The train was delayed at Lock Haven.

Entertaining the Boys.

The concert given by Mrs. John G. Love last night for the entertainment of the boys' branch of the Y. M. C. A. was a great success and was highly enjoyed by the hundred and fifty or more of young folks who were present. As the entertainment was gotten up expressly for the boys' amusement there were but few older persons in attendance. The programme consisted of instrumental and vocal solos, duetts, choruses, recitations, etc. A very pretty exercise was the chanting of the Lord's prayer by six little girls all dressed in pure white. The Moore children were present and added not a little to the interest of the occasion by their very creditable performance on the violin. The youthful audience showed by their close and respectful attention to the proceedings that they were highly interested—probably as much so as they would have been beneath the circus canvas taking in the sights of the ring and listening to the stale jokes of the clowns. Mrs. Love labored earnestly for the success of the affair and the boys owe her a vote of thanks for her untiring efforts in their behalf.

Meteorological.

Abstract of the Pennsylvania State College meteorological record for April:

Lowest temperature at 6 a. m. April 11, 20.°

Warmest day April 2. Temperature at noon 76.°

The entire month was marked by very cool weather, there were eighteen frosty nights during the month. Snow fall on 10th and 11th.

Average temperature, 47.°

Highest barometer, April 3d, 29.21.

Lowest barometer, April 19, 28.21.

Average barometer, 29.82.

Clear days, 12.

Stormy days, 7.

Rain fall for month, 2.10 inches.

A wonderful display of Aurora Borealis on the night of the 16th.

—There will be a few more weddings next week.

MARRIED.

HANNAM—KEYSER.—On the 26th inst., at the residence of the parents of the bride, by Rev. G. D. Penepacker, Mr. Edward G. Hannam, of Catawissa, to Miss Clara Keyser, of this place.

EVANS—MILLIKEN.—On the 26th of April, at the residence of Mr. George Valentine, Bellefonte, Pa., by Rev. William Laurie, of Bellefonte, assisted by Rev. K. P. Ketchum, of Plainfield, N. J., Courtland de Lacy Evans, of Plainfield, N. J., and Miss Clara Milliken, of Bellefonte.

DIED.

ALEXANDER—At the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Daniel Leyden, Beech Creek, Clinton county, Pa., Mrs. Ann Lewis Alexander (born April 22, 1799, died April 25, 1882), aged 83 years and 3 days.

ARDELL.—In this place, on Thursday, April 27, of pneumonia, Mrs Elizabeth D. Ardell, beloved wife of John Ardell, Jr., in her 63d year.

HEWES.—In Philadelphia, April 13, Ella only daughter of Stimmel B. and Lizzie M. Hewes, aged 2 years, 3 weeks and 2 days.

Dearest Ella, thou hast left us
To your home beyond the sky,
But we hope to meet you, darling,
In the sweetest by and by.

No more she'll fill that vacant chair
Which still stands in its place;
We cannot hear her prattling tongue,
Nor see her smiling face.

Put away her little play things,
Set aside her little chair.
We know our darling Ella's happy
With the angels over there.

Still we are left on earth to weep—
Our days though may be few—
We know you cannot come to us,
But we can go to you.

The Markets.

BELLEFONTE, May 1, 1882.

Wheat	$1 30
Rye per bushel	80
Corn, ear	90
Corn, shelled, old	90
Oats	50
Cloverseed	5 50@6 00
Flour, retail, per barrel	7 00
Flour, wholesale	6 25

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$12 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	9 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	10 00
Short straw per ton	6 00@8 00

PLASTER.

Cayuga, ground, per ton	$
Nova Scotia ground, per ton	

Provision Market.

Corrected daily by Valentines & Co.

Apples, dried, per pound	5
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	10
Beans per quart	10
Fresh butter per pound	30
Chickens per pound	8
Cheese per pound	20
Country hams per pound	12
Hams, sugar cured	17
Bacon	16
Lard per pound	10
Eggs per doz	15
Potatoes per bushel, new	1 20
Dried beef	20
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	25
Canned tomatoes per can	15
Lemons per doz	35@50
Dried sweet corn per pound	10

Philadelphia Stock Market.

Reported by Gramm & Sinnett.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., May 1, 1882.

The announcement of the Pennsylvania dividend to-day, 40 per cent. cash and the privilige of subscribing for 80 per cent of a stock holder's share, fell like a wet blanket on the market. The capital stock was increased 7½ millions last May and this present allotment will add, at the very lowest calculation, 6 millions more, and a feeling seems to be growing that the next dividend will certainly not be a 80 per cent. one. The company will pay out 3 and receive 6 millions. Now, when we remember that with the largest lot of stock placed on the market the company is borrowing money on their own paper, the anxiety is not to be wondered at. The Trunk Line stocks are the weakest on the list. Erie seconds sold one dollar off to 93 on large transactions. The coal stocks were the point of strength in the day's transactions. New York Central and Lake Shore are particulary weak and look as if they would sell lower; the belief appears to be prevalent that the former will sell below 120. Exchange is at the shipping point, but no gold is reported for Saturday. Distrust seems to be getting wideepread with regard to the near future. While no one expects a panic, the feeling is general that bottom has not yet been touched.